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CIRCULAR SAWS of all sizes; also Cross-cut, Mill, Gang, Buck, Butcher, and Hand-saws of all kinds, together with a good assortment of new saws at lowest market rates.
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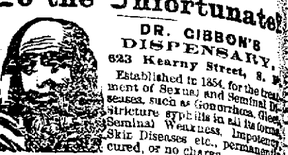
N. B.—KNAPP, BURRELL & CO., Commission Merchants, Portland, Oregon, are my only authorized Agents for Oregon, Washington & Idaho. Orders sent through them by telegraph or otherwise filled at same rates as if sent to me direct.

To the Unfortunate!



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Established in 1854, for the treatment of Sexual and Seminal Diseases, such as Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Syphilis in all its forms, Seminal Weakness, Impotency, Skin Diseases etc., permanently cured, or no charge.

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Seminal Emissions, the consequence of self-abuse, a solitary vice, or depraved sexual indulgence, practiced by the youth of both sexes to an almost unlimited extent, producing with unerring certainty, the following train of morbid symptoms, unless combatted by scientific medical measures, viz.: Sallow countenance, dark spots under the eyes, pain in the head, ringing in the ears, noise like the rushing of leaves and rattling of chariots, uneasiness about the loins, weakness of the limbs, confused vision, blunted intellect, loss of confidence, diffidence in approaching strangers, a dislike to former associates, disposition to shun society, loss of memory, hectic flushes, pimples and various eruptions about the face, furred tongue, fetid breath, coughs, consumption, night sweats, monomania and frequent insanity.

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Persons at a distance may be CURED AT HOME by addressing a letter to Dr. Gibbon, stating case, symptoms, length of time the disease has continued, and have medicines promptly forwarded, free from damage and curiosity, to any part of the country, with full and plain directions. By inclosing five Dollars coin, in registered letter through the Post-office or through Wells, Fargo & Co., a package of medicine will be forwarded to any part of the Union. Address DR. J. F. GIBBON, Box 1,957, San Francisco.

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PRATT'S
MINERAL
COLZA
OIL.
300° FIRE TEST.
Chas. Pratt & Co., New York,
Sole Proprietors and Manufacturers.

To Consumers of High Fire-Test Mineral Oils.

YOUR ATTENTION IS PARTICULARLY invited to our 300° Fire-Test Oil, called "Pratt's Mineral Colza," which we are now manufacturing expressly for STEAMSHIP, RAILROAD and MILL ILLUMINATION, or for use where an exceedingly high Fire-Test Oil is required. It has already been adopted by many of the Railroads throughout the country, and by most of the coastwise steamers sailing from New York, whose confidence of its use in preference to all similar Oils is sufficient commendation as to its quality. It will not burn well in the ordinary Petroleum Lamp. It being of too heavy gravity for such use, but in the Lard or Sperm Lamp and those with double wicks, however, we guarantee it to give perfect satisfaction, producing a pure flame of great brilliancy. Our facilities for manufacturing are excellent, and equal to any demand, while the price is much lower than that of any oil in the market of the same character and fire test. The U. S. law in regard to the use of these Oils on passenger steamers is very explicit, as follows:

"Any Oil which will stand a Fire Test of Three Hundred (300°) Degrees Fahrenheit, may be carried as freight or used as stores on any steamer carrying passengers."

We beg to offer the following Certificates, which have been handed us from the very best authorities available, in regard to the test of the Mineral Colza Oil, and they may be considered perfectly reliable:

Report of Prof. S. Dana Hayes, Massachusetts State Assayer.

BOSTON, Mass., Oct. 19th, 1875.
(BY.) A sample of burning Oil, marked "Mineral Colza Oil," as manufactured by CHARLES PRATT & Co., of New York City, has been tested by me with the following result: It has a Fire Test of 328° Fahrenheit. It does not ignite under 328° F.
(Signed) S. DANA HAYES,
Massachusetts State Assayer.

Report of Inspector of Petroleum Oil, for State of Massachusetts.

(BY.) BOSTON, October 4th 1876.
I have tested samples of "Mineral Colza Oil," by CHARLES PRATT & Co., New York City, and find the burning point or Fire Test to be 315° Fahrenheit. (Signed) R. F. MEANS,
Mass. State Inspector of Petroleum.

Report on Sample of Mineral Colza Oil, tested for U. S. Inspector of Steamers 2d District.

(BY.) NEW YORK, April 25th, 1876.
ADDISON LOW, U. S. Sub. Inspector.
SIR: We have tested the sample of "Mineral Colza Oil" presented by you, and find it stands a Fire Test of 300° Fahrenheit, and we consider it in all respects a very superior Oil.
(Signed) LOCKWOOD, BROS. & HOLLY,
Petroleum Inspectors appointed by N. Y. City Produce Exchange.

To the Trade.

The undersigned beg to call your attention to the above, and thus advise you that they will always have a full supply of the above mentioned Oil on hand, and would be pleased to have your orders.

A. C. DIETZ & CO.,
SAN FRANCISCO.

TAXES.

THE TAX ROLL FOR 1877 is now in the hands for collection, and all Taxes assessed thereon must be paid at my office, No. 93 First Street, within thirty days from this date, or the same will be returned as delinquent.

JOSEPH BACHMAN,
Treasurer City of Portland.

PORTLAND, May 8, 1877.

Attention is called to the following extract from Ordinance No. 1114:

All taxes, licenses, assessments for street improvements, etc., etc., and all moneys arising from any other source belonging to and payable in or into the City Treasury shall be paid in gold coin of the United States of America, and not otherwise, provided, that sums not exceeding five dollars ($5) may be paid in silver coin.

WOOL! WOOL!

WE HAVE ORDERS FROM EASTERN MANUFACTURERS direct for 50,000 lbs. "Valley Wools," for which the highest market price will be paid. Correspondence solicited.
GEO. WOODWARD,
Agent Eastern Manufacturers
P. O. Box 129, Portland, Ogn. m16d6wd

Morning Oregonian.

VOL. XVII.—NO. 102. PORTLAND, OREGON: SATURDAY, JUNE 2, 1877. PRICE—TEN CENTS.

GENERAL NEWS.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE OREGONIAN.]

A Veteran Editor Retires.

NEW YORK, June 1.—Erastus Brooks to-day announced his retirement from the active management of the *Evening Express*, at the close of 41 years of journalistic endeavor. His valedictory says there are at least 112 New York City journals more numerous than there were 25 years ago, and that with the constantly increasing expenses of daily journalism the chances are that there will not be as many published here 25 years hence as now.

T. W. Park goes to Panama.

NEW YORK, June 1.—The *World* says Trenor W. Park sailed in the *Colon* yesterday for Aspinwall. He was accompanied by D. C. Hussman. He was accompanied by D. C. Hussman. Miss Lita Park, his daughter, and Mrs. Park. Park visits Panama to inspect the affairs of Garland as business, and look after the interests of the company generally on the west coast of Central and South America. He will look through all accounts and return on the same steamer to report to the company.

Billiards.

NEW YORK, June 1.—A billiard match for $1,000 each night, 3-ball French carom, at Tammany Hall, between Joseph Dion, champion, and Wm. Sexton, was won by Sexton, 600 to 442. Winner's average, twelve and twelve-fifty-ninths.

Two Republican Judges Put Out.

NEW YORK, June 1.—A dispatch from Columbia says: The Senate judiciary committee to-day reported recommending that the vote be declared vacant of Judges Carpenter of the 5th circuit, and Cooke, of the 4th circuit, on the ground that they were elected at a time when there was no vacancy in the respective offices. Both these gentlemen are staunch Republicans, and both were elected at the same time with Moses and Whipper. No doubt the Senate will sustain the action of the committee and a new election will be ordered forthwith. Gen. Kershaw will probably succeed Carpenter.

Recaptured and Killed.

Two colored convicts, who attempted to escape to-day from the State Penitentiary at this place, were recaptured after being shot by the guard and mortally wounded.

Want to Overcrowd the State.

PROVIDENCE, June 1.—The general assembly to-day passed a resolution inviting President Hayes and cabinet to visit Rhode Island on the occasion of the army reunion in Providence, June 20th.

Fire.

HOLLIDAYSBURG, Pa., April 1.—The village of New Centreville, six miles west of this place, was almost entirely destroyed by fire this morning.

Once more in Power.

WILMINGTON, N.C., June 1.—The board of aldermen elected in March took charge of the city to-day. It consists of six Democrats and one Republicans. This is the first time the city has been under Democratic control since negro rule was established.

Money and Stocks.

NEW YORK, June 1.—Silver bars 124½ greenbacks 111; gold; silver coin ½ discount; gold dull at 9; money, 2; governments, weak, open; stocks firm throughout the day, closed unsettled. Western Union, 62¾; Quicksilver, 14; Pacific Mail, 20½; Mariposa, 6; Wells Fargo, 84; New York Central, 90; Erie, 8; Panama, 99; Union Pacific, 68; Sixes, 1071; Central Pacific bonds, 110.

Money Forfeited.

CHICAGO, June 1.—Some two years ago Jas. Kerr, of Knoxville, Ill., died, leaving by will $5,000 to be used to establish an industrial agricultural school in Knoxville, provided the citizens of Knox county should within six months raise $50,000 for the same purpose. The citizens have not complied with their part of the specification and hence by terms of the will, $40,000 reverts to Hamilton College, $5,000 to Yale and $10,000 to a female seminary in Knoxville. The attorney for the two former institutions entered suit here to-day to compel the administrators of the Knox estate to pay over the amounts due Hamilton and Yale College.

The South Carolina Trials.

CHARLESTON, June 1.—At the opening of the U. S. court this morning, Chief Justice Waite charged the jury in the Ellerton conspiracy case at considerable length. After explaining the nature of the charges, &c., he said:

"The controlling element in the offense charged in the fourth and fifth counts is race or color of the party. It is not enough that defendants may have conspired against him on account of his political opinion or on account of support or advocacy of any political party, for that is not a crime of which they are in these counts accused. In the second and third counts such is, in effect, the charge, but in the fourth and fifth it is not. To convict under the latter counts it must appear that the object of defendants in their unlawful combination was to interfere with his right and privilege of voting on account of his race or color without regard to any legal ballot of association. As it appears from evidence that Bush was killed on the 18th of September last, it follows that you must find that the conspiracy against him, whatever may have been its character, was formed on or before that day. It has not been attempted on part of the defense to contradict evidence offered by the government to prove the Bush was a colored man, or that he was a citizen of the United States, or a lawfully qualified voter of Aiken county, or a member of a political party which, on or about the 15th of September last, put in nomination for election as member of Congress for the district in which Aiken county is situated. It is not probable, therefore, that you will have any difficulty in arriving at a conclusion upon these preliminary questions. The real controversy before you is as to the existence of the alleged conspiracy. It is to this point the testimony has been principally directed, and here it is proper to say in the outset, that defendants are not on trial for the killing of Bush, or for any other of the numerous homicides that were committed during the disturbances which followed the alleged attack by two negroes upon Mrs. Hurley and her little son near Silverton, on the 14th or 15th September. The shocking details of these transactions which have been given in evidence, are only to be considered by you with reference to their bearing upon the existence of the alleged conspiracy to prevent by force, intimidation or threats the support and advocacy by Bush of the election of Hon. Charles Foster, or to intimidate him on account of race or color in the exercise of suffrage. However much you may deprecate acts which have been described by witnesses, the punishment of those guilty of them has been committed by law to other courts and other power for that purpose exists in the government of the State, and under our political system courts of the general government can alone be resorted to for trial and conviction of such offenders; nor the acts themselves are proper subjects for your consideration so far as they legitimately tend to prove the crime charged in this indictment, and such has been made an offense against the laws of the United States. It is not for you to consider whether the laws are wise or unwise. That was the duty of Congress when it passed them, and having accomplished me there you nor the court have to do is the anything else to do but to see that they are properly executed.

UTAH.

Attempt to Kill a Newspaper Man.

NEW YORK, June 1.—The *Herald's* Salt Lake correspondent telegraphs he was fired upon last night on evening by a miscreant fifty feet away. The speed of his horse doubtless saved his life. A bolder attempt at assassination was made in day. He says: "While sitting along in my room, a knock came at the door. It was opened by a man strongly resembling the one who fired the pistol. He held his hat and a paper in his left hand, and, while bowing, rested his right hand in the bosom of his coat, which was closely buttoned. He asked my name, and being answered he then extended the paper, saying, 'Here is an affidavit which interests you.' He stood at a distance of some four feet. Reaching out with my right hand to receive the paper, which he offered with his left, he suddenly withdrew it. At the same time he advanced, and pulling a short knife from his bosom, struck me a heavy blow on the left breast, saying, 'Take that, you son of a b—h.' The point of the knife passed through two photographs on pasteboard and glanced off from a suspender buckle against which it struck, and which is badly bent by the blow." Happily the only injury is a sore rib. The correspondence in question is from B. Stillson.

Silverton will celebrate the Fourth of July. W. R. Dunbar will be the orator. There will be a public dinner and a "plug ugly" show.

WASHINGTON CITY.

How Gov. Stone Talks about the Chisholm Murder.

NEW YORK, June 1.—The *Tribune's* Washington special says: A newspaper here will print on Saturday, a letter from Gov. Stone, of Mississippi, wherein the following are extracts:

Since the recent unfortunate occurrence in Kemper county, there has been no outbreak nor any demonstrations toward violence. I visited the scene of the trouble as soon as the report reached me and remained there a part of two days. I made a full investigation and conversed freely with the family of Judge Chisholm. I afterward visited the Judge of the district, who was at the time holding court in Columbus, and obtained his promise to hold a special term of the circuit court, with a view to a full judicial investigation. As Capt. Shaughnessy's volunteering necessary force to protect the widow was made ten days after the attack when everything was quiet, and as eight days have since elapsed and quiet still prevails, I should say the reports heralded through the north, based solely upon his telegram, was rather highly colored. It is not true Mrs. Chisholm and her husband were in danger of assassination while the latter was lying wounded at home. It is not true that her residence was guarded by a mob, day and night; that they swore to take her husband's life, and that she was not allowed ingress or egress without a pass from the heads of the mob. No one justifies the act by which Judge Chisholm lost his life. Everything that is possible shall be done to arrest and punish the guilty parties. I do not hope to silence the misrepresentations of those who are making political capital out of the unfortunate affair. The South has been too long the victim of misrepresentation for your people to become willing suddenly to hear both sides before condemning. The recent telegrams and articles that have appeared in Northern papers are based solely upon my refusal to consent to the invasion of Kemper county by a body of men from other counties. The folly of consenting to such a proposition, when no trouble was apprehended, must be apparent to every reasonable person.

The Texas Pacific Railroad.

NEW YORK, June 1.—The *Times'* Washington special says the statement is made by persons who are close to the President that he will recommend in his first message to Congress legislation in aid of the construction of the Southern Pacific railroad. It is said the President will not commit himself in favor of the Texas Pacific road nor any other particular scheme, but will make a general recommendation for national aid to construct a road to the Pacific by a Southern route. Friends of the Texas Pacific are confident that the recommendation of the President in favor of a Southern line to the Pacific will help that scheme and that they will be able to secure legislation that will enable them to construct the railroad. It is also stated with considerable directness as coming from the President, that should the Texas Pacific people succeed in having their bill passed by Congress it will receive his approval.

Law Breaking Officials.

NEW YORK, June 1.—The *Times'* special from Washington says: According to reports of internal revenue officers, illicit distilling is carried on in West Virginia. The clerk of Mencer county court and a prominent justice of that court are both engaged in the business. In his report the deputy says it is an astonishing fact that every lawyer and officer of the court in Mercer county is in the whisky ring. They are a band of brothers, and will, they say, go down together. Thompson, editor of the Hulton *Herald*, is a member of the ring. He is also a member of a gang of counterfeiters. The U. S. commissioner is also in league with the distillers. The latter was promptly removed. The department will promptly ferret out these frauds, and the character of the organization is such as military force may be required.

Demand on Mexico.

NEW YORK, May 31.—The *Times'* Washington special surmises that Gen. Ord is instructed to protect the Texas border as best he can, until Minister Foster shall have reasonable time to make a formal demand upon the Diaz government to suppress lawlessness along the Rio Grande.

A New Organ.

The *World's* special from Washington says: Arrangements have been completed for the publication of a new daily morning newspaper in this city in the interest of the administration. In fact it is announced by its projectors to be an organ in every sense of the word, and among other things will advocate the remonetization of silver.

Butler in Milder Mood.

CHICAGO, June 1.—The *Journal's* Washington special says: "General Butler said to your correspondent to-day he thought he knew better than the press whether he owned land in Colorado. The deed of record mentioned in the dispatch from Colorado is simply security for a debt due, which will be canceled when the debt is paid. The General also stoutly defended Evarts for continuing his law practice, asserting it was his duty to finish up engagements before coming into office. He deemed criticism on his course unjust."

Government Contracts.

The government has about perfected new supply contracts for continuing work on public buildings in various cities, so that the cost to the government will be reduced 25 to 50 per cent from present prices.

J. S. Buckley Pardoned.

WASHINGTON, April 1.—The President has pardoned John S. Buckley, of Oregon, convicted for selling liquor without license.

Cabinet Meeting.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—At a cabinet meeting to-day the Secretary of War was authorized to address a letter to Gen. Sherman, directing him to prepare instructions for Gen. Ord to follow Mexican marauders, if necessary, from Texas into Mexico.

No appointments were agreed upon to-day, although there was a general discussion as to comparative merits of a number of applicants for various positions at home or abroad.

Public Debt Statement.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—The public debt statement shows a reduction of the debt for May of $6,981,274; reduction from July 1, '76 to date is $36,062,000 62.

THE TERRITORIES.

Clarke county, W. T., owes $7,918 30.

Henry Goldmeyer was drowned on the 30th while rafting logs at Puget Sound.

In Washington Territory there are 22 journals, of which 2 are monthly, 16 weekly and 4 daily.

The forged letter of resignation purporting to be from Judge Lewis to the President, was dated at Seattle on the 1st day of May. That day Lewis was traveling from The Dalles to Portland.

Arthur Plinnoy, of Port Ludlow, left a fortune of $150,000. By his will a portion was left to his two sisters, but the bulk of it was bequeathed for various specific objects outside of his family.

A great game of base ball will be played at Seattle on the Fourth of July, and $252 50 have been raised by subscription to defray expenses. That sum will defray a great many expenses, if they put beer at five cents.

There is a refreshing simplicity in this, from the Tacoma *Herald*: Mr. Longpray, proprietor of a saloon here, is "on the shoot" and flourishes revolvers around much more frequently than is required for perfect health in a civilized community.

A large body of good land, said to be sufficient for 5,000 farms of 160 acres each, has been found in Challam county, W. T. It is called the Quillibute valley. This is the northwestern county of the Territory. Heretofore the country has been about as much unknown as Central Africa.

Seattle *Dispatch*: Establish a fish-hatching house on White river and the young fish would have all of Lake Washington and Cedar river for a nursery before they started for the sea. California is a great State, but as a fishing State she is behind Oregon and Washington. Why then should she, with her inferior salmon, be afforded such advantages as she possesses over Oregon and Washington?

J. H. Foster is enlarging the Magnolia Mills at Albany. He wants more room for this year's crop.

THE WAR IN THE EAST.

Servia Must Keep Out—Peace Rumors.

LONDON, May 31.—The *Times'* Paris correspondent says: According to a letter from Russia, emanating from a very trustworthy source, Prince Gortschakoff accompanies the Czar to Ploisti solely to prevent Servia from being involved in the war. Gortschakoff fully estimates the capital importance which the attitude of Servia is now attracting, and does not wish to abandon this delicate question to purely military management. But there is certainly another motive for the Chancellor's journey. It seems probable that Russia will attempt a rapid seizure of Rutschuk, and there propose peace, after a signal victory. Gortschakoff, of course, wishes to be at the Emperor's side should this occur; for if Russia accepts peace on the basis of the reforms presented by the conference, she will probably wish to act in a thoroughly formal manner, by placing the peace reforms under the protection of the signatory of the protocol. Despite, however, what I have just said, the rumors of peace which are pleasant to circulate are at present altogether premature.

Persecution of a Pasha.

The *Times'* correspondent at Vienna says the persecution of Midhat's adherents continues. Despite the banishments of the opposition to the palace, the clique seems to increase, being strengthened by a party in the ministry itself.

A Crisis Near.

The Grand Vizier seems to have arrived at the conviction that things could not go on much longer without leading to serious crisis. It is by no means certain that the Chamber would allow itself to be sent home without some resistance. The current is so strong that a majority appear inclined to follow the example of those who are too polite to resist it. The idea of declaring the Chamber a permanence is already mooted. The Sultan, wavering with fear of the possible return of Midhat, and on the other hand, of the rising of an attempt against his person seems quite frightened and at a loss what to do.

Further Rumors of Peace.

LONDON, June 1.—A. Orsova dispatch gives the following details concerning the peace rumors: It is believed by many well-informed people at Bucharest that the Russians are somewhat anxious to negotiate through Berlin for some arrangement that would obviate the necessity of crossing the Danube, having convinced themselves that enterprise is fraught with sacrifices and that the result is altogether doubtful. It is certain that at headquarters during the past few days the tone has been anxious and even despondent. It is significant that corn contracts have been finally determined only for a very short period. The current impression is that Russians are spinning out the time relying upon the chances of achieving great success in Asia. Some people go so far as to say they manifest a wish to remain at the center till the fall of Kars. They would then desire to keep what they had gained in Asia and not cross the Danube, but leave a force in Roumania until the referees framed a treaty with Turkey. Those who are inclined to place any credence in these reports maintain that Russian military and financial resources are not equal to the achievement of the enterprise into which Russia has plunged. There is no enthusiasm in the Russian ranks. The new army organization is said not to work satisfactorily. To sum up, I may say that the talk of peace is certainly in the wind. It is said Grand Duke Nicholas takes the *pessimist* view of the campaign. I have reported what I have been enabled to learn upon fair authority. That there is some basis for these statements I have little doubt.

Russians Sink a British Vessel.

LONDON, June 1.—Bucharest specials say the steam tug at Flamada, British property and flying the British flag, was sunk by order of the Russian commanding officer. Lansdell has addressed a note to the Roumanian government asking an explanation.

Ready to Advance.

The *Telegraph's* correspondent with the headquarters of Mukhtar Pasa before Erzeroum telegraphs Wednesday: The army is in readiness to begin the advance, and cooperation has been arranged with the Turkish troops at present in front of Olti.

The Czar's Visit to the Army.

BUCHAREST, May 31.—Grand Duke Nicholais telegraphed the Czar asking whether under the circumstances he will postpone his visit. Meanwhile, however, everything is so ordered as to be in readiness for his reception on June 6th.

Health of the Troops.

The health of the troops is still good on the whole, but they are beginning to be affected by the weather. A brigade which passed through Ploisti to-day was followed by a long train of sick soldiers.

High Waters.

It is stated in Vienna that three army corps have been unable to take up strategic positions because of floods. It is announced from Widdin, however, that the Danube is falling.

Recall of Midhat.

VIENNA, June 1.—The *Freemblat* asserts that the President of the Turkish Chamber recommended the recall of Midhat Pasha.

Awaiting the Czar.

The Montenegrin minister, Rudovics, is awaiting the Czar at Ploisti with a letter from Prince Nikiti.

Only the Ruins Recovered.

BERLIN, May 31.—Advices received here from St. Petersburg represent that the Turks recovered Ardahan after the Russians had reduced it to ashes.

Servian Neutrality.

LONDON, May 31.—The Russian telegraphic agency reports that, according to the latest news from Belgrade, Servia has definitely resolved to maintain a strict neutrality.

Bombardment of Ada Kaleh.

A Belgrade dispatch says it is rumored that the Roumanians are bombarding Ada Kaleh the casemates of which are under water.

The Bear to the Lion.

PARIS, May 31.—The *Temps* says the Russian reply to England will be dispatched to-day. The reply is said to be very conciliatory.

Torpedoes in the Dardanelles.

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 1.—The Porte has issued a notice warning mariners of its intention to place torpedoes in certain portions of the Dardanelles and Bay of Smyrna.

General War Notes.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 1.—A dispatch from headquarters of the army of Caucasus, says a more pacific feeling is noticeable. In front of Batoum the inhabitants are surrendering their arms to the Russian authorities.

An uprising has occurred in Lerek district. The insurgents were dispersed by troops; in suppressing which 80 killed and 100 wounded.

LONDON, June 1.—A Vienna correspondent says the Turks do not seem to be able to take advantage of the delay of the Russian army in Asia. All accounts agree that the condition of their forces is worse than is generally believed. With the exception of arms they lack everything requisite for an army in the field. There is scarcely any reserve stock of ammunition, especially for artillery. It is impossible to remedy all these shortcomings before the Russians advance on Erzeroum.

Russian Plan of Operations.

LONDON, June 1.—A special from Vienna to the *Telegraph* says: On the Czar's arrival at Ploisti a council of war will be held, and on the 7th inst. orders are to be given for crossing at Ibrail and Turnu. Important demonstrations under Prince Charles will be made from Kalafat.

General War Imminent—The Peace Rumors Mere Moonshine.

CHICAGO, June 1.—The *Times'* London special reiterates in forcible language that all the talk of a probability of speedy peace is a mere stock jobbing scheme; that a general war was never more imminent than now. He quotes the recent debate in Parliament in which the Minister of the Interior Cross, and Northcote took prominent parts, and declares that their belligerent ideas, being given publicity by means of widespread flaming posters, have kindled an anti-Gladstone movement throughout the kingdom that bids fair to nullify all peace projects. He has information from the principal European cities of news that strongly confirms this. British diplomacy is working energetically to frustrate a German-Italian alliance and throw Italy into line with Austria. Russia is vigorously striving to neutralize English diplomacy, deferring an answer to Derby until Bismarck, Italy and Austria have chosen their course.

English Naval Discipline.

LONDON, June 1.—There was recently an example on board her majesty's iron armorplated ship *Alexandria*, the flag ship of the Mediterranean, of the stringency of discipline and its unusual severity of punishment. The whole of one watch refused to go on duty, and threw the sights of the guns overboard.

Great Fire at Tiflis.

BRUSSELS, June 1.—A great fire has occurred in Tiflis. The whole of a principal street is destroyed together with a large amount of property.

The Times on Gladstone.

LONDON, June 1.—The *Times* in a leading article says: "Gladstone is now pre eminently the Liberal leader, or, let us say with his opponents, the Radical leader,—all that has the true and clear ring of liberalism in the country; all that may be counted upon to endure and have weight in any future contest between the two great parties of the State, now attaches itself to his name."

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

Ex-President Grant in England.

NEW YORK, June 1.—The *Herald's* London special has this of Grant's departure from Manchester: The factory girls were out almost en masse in their working attire, and joined in the huzzah as he entered the station. The ex-President walked directly to the drawing room car which had been set apart for him. Mrs. Grant looked somewhat fatigued, but her husband never looked better. Several Americans had arrived from London to make the journey to the metropolis with him, and he at once entered into an animated conversation with them. At Leicester, being received by the mayor, Grant spoke briefly, referring to the kindness and generosity evinced in the address, remarking on the antiquity of their town, its foundation by King Lear, and the honor it had of retaining the dust of Richard III., the hero of Bosworth field. The mayor expressed a hope he would return at some future day to visit the ancient landmarks he had referred to and accept the hospitality of the mayoralty. Grant could not promise definitely, but in all probability he will again visit the town. After partaking of *dejeuner* and a general introduction to the company, the party re entered the car. At Bedford Grant again received an address of welcome, the mayor terming him the Hannibal of the American army. Along the route American and English flags entwined with flowers, salutes, enthusiasm, &c.

LONDON, June 1.—His Royal Highness, the Prince of Wales with Gen. Grant left Victoria Railroad Station for Epsom by special train at one o'clock. Count Munster, German ambassador, Duke of Hamilton, Lord Dudley and several others went by the same train.

LONDON, June 1.—The *Anglo-American Times* states that a dinner to General Grant has been arranged at the United Service club, which is a representative of the British army and navy. This honor is only tendered to officers of the highest distinction. Other military clubs have followed the example of the United Service, inviting the General to become an honorary member. Among political clubs the way has been led by the Reform club.

MacMahon will not Resign.

PARIS, May 31.—The *Moniteur* publishes an article repeating its recent declaration that President MacMahon would not resign. The article concludes as follows: "In one case only could the marshal be led to entertain the idea of resigning, namely, if he found himself opposed by both chambers; but as regards the Senate, this is a hypothesis which need not be discussed at present."

Bonds.

Consols, 9 1-16@9¼, ex-interest; bonds, new 5's, 107; new 4½'s, 103.

French Method of Political Work.

PARIS, June 1.—The minister of the interior has resolved to forbid all political meetings of over 20 persons.

THE GREAT TIDAL WAVE.

Its Effect in the Sandwich Islands—Destruction of Life and Property.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 31.—By the arrival of the *City of Sydney* we have an account from the Honolulu *Advertiser* of the great tidal wave of May 10th. It appears to have occurred simultaneously all over the group. At Kahului, on the island of Maui, the first unusual subsidence of the sea was noticed about a quarter before 5 in the morning. An observer in this town who was near the harbor and saw exposed reefs, places the occurrence at exactly the same time. J. J. Porter, of Hilo, Hawaii, fixes the moment at which the waves overwhelmed the village of Waiakea at precisely the same time, and the statement of Capt. Smithers, of the whaling bark *Pacific*, which was lying at the time in Hilo Bay, corroborates this. The difference between highest and lowest water mark at various localities we ascertain to be as follows: Hilo, on the east side of Hawaii, 30 feet; Kealakekua Bay, west side of Hawaii, 30 feet; Kawaihaie, west side of Hawaii, 5 feet; Kahului, north side of Maui, 22 feet; Lohina, south side Maui, 12 feet; Honolulu, south side Oahu, 4 feet 10 inces; Nawiliwili, southeast side Kaua, 3 feet. In some cases the difference in height of the wave may be accounted for by the configuration of the coast and outlying reefs. The following is the account of disaster at Hilo, from an eye-witness:

HILO, May 11, 1877.

W. C. PARKER, Esq.—*Dear Sir*: We have had a great disaster at Hilo. On Thursday morning, the 10th inst., about 4 o'clock, the sea in the bay was seen to rise and fall in an unusual manner, and at 5 A. M. it swept in a mighty wave, sailing up and into nearly all the stores in front of the town, carrying off a great deal of lumber and all the stone wall of the Makai wharf. The perpendicular hight of the wave, since ascertained by leveling, was 12 feet 3 inches above ordinary low water-mark. At Waiakea the damage was frightful. Every house within a hundred yards of the water was swept away. The steamboat wharf and storehouse, Spencer's storehouse, bridge across the stream, and all dwelling houses, were swept away in an instant, and now lie in a mass of ruins far inland. Five lives were lost and numbers bruised and had limbs broken. The body of one woman was found by boats off Honolulu. Boats of the American whale ship *Pacific*, Capt. Smithers, lying in the harbor, picked up six people who were swimming for their lives in the bay. The *Pacific* was lying in four fathoms of water, but she was grounded when the sea receded, and then would be whirled round and round as the sea came in again. All expected to see her drag ashore. The sea continued to rise and fall all day. I timed one of the tides in the morning about 7 o'clock, and from its lowest ebb to its full flood was only about four minutes. It rose about 14 feet, perpendicular high, in that time. In the afternoon, in the space of one hour, the sea rose and fell three times, with hight above half tide of 7 feet 10½ inches and 5 feet each time. The wave at Waiakea must have had a perpendicular hight of 16 feet to have taken the bridge and wharf where they now lie. The water swept completely over the island, and the hospital there has disappeared.

Yours, in haste, L. SEVERANCE.

The volcano of Kilauea has been unusually active of late. A steamer arrived at Hilo on the 2d inst. As she passed down the coast on the following night the light of the crater was unusually brilliant. Friday at 2.45 P. M. several pretty severe earthquake shocks were felt, followed a few minutes later by a jet of lava thrown up from the floor of the crater near the east bank, through a crack which had evidently been made by the earthquake. The lava continued to spout at every place gradually ascending the steep bluffs to its summit, then moving along the isthmus connecting the large crater with the smaller one of Kilauea Iki down into the pit of which the lava ran. This continued six hours, the lava being thrown up in numerous jets along the line at different heights, at times reaching 100 feet. Frequently there would be at least 50 of these jets at once, making a magnificent display. The locality of this eruption and its general characteristics appear to be identically the same as those of 1832, 1840 and 1868. Simultaneously with this the fires of the old South lake were suddenly extinguished, and for two days following no fires were seen in Kilauea.

CANADA.

Fatal Conflagration.

PORTLAND, Ont., May 31.—The house of Alexander Snyder was destroyed by fire last night. Two children were burned to death.

Great Loss by Fire.

NEW YORK, May 31.—A Montreal special says the loss by fire yesterday will reach $500,000.

OREGON.

No vacant houses in Corvallis. Railroad talk has filled up the town.

Fall wheat is reported as standing in some places over six feet high already.

Yamhill *Reporter*: With wheat at a dollar or more this harvest, we Oregonians will be constrained to sing, "*Alls volat propriis.*"

The *Christian Messenger* (Monmouth) has a new dress and is greatly improved. L. L. Rowland, Superintendent of Public Instruction, has become one of its associate editors.

Flour has been retailing in Portland at lower rates than in McMinnville. Dealers could have made a profit by shipping it from here. The country people had their ideas "way up."

The Albany *Democrat* has been Judge Kerr from Coos or Costa, Cal., who is disgusted with that State and is in Oregon "spying out the land." His sheep, 6,000 head, are on the way to Oregon.

—There is a great deal of fine land in Coos county awaiting settlers. The *News* directs attention to that part of the county known as Ten-Mile. It lies between Coos Bay and Umpqua river.

The first camp on the Yoquina railroad was established last week a mile or two west of Corvallis. Provisions and camp equipage were furnished by the merchants of the place, and work progresses.

Albany *Democrat*: What in this county could not look any better than it does, and we feel satisfied that this fall, after the demand for home consumption is satisfied, Linn county will have fully one million bushels of wheat for sale.

Salem *Record*: Elisha McDaniels, of Polk county, goes to Yakima, Washington Territory. His sons, Sterling Price and Robert E. Lee, accompany him, while his eldest, Jefferson Davis, remains home to look after the farm.

The Baptist Sunday school convention for this State will commence in Albany on Monday, June 25th, and will probably hold for three days. The O. & C. R. R. Co. have kindly consented to pass delegates over their road at half the usual rates.

Last Monday, N. Richardson, who lives on the lower Tualatin, in Washington county, was struck in the face by the iron lever of his sulky plow, which he was operating, and his nose was cut clean through on a level with his face. A surgeon fixed him up in pretty good shape.

A correspondent writing from Milton, Umatilla county, says: There are still thousands of acres of good land to be taken in this county. Umatilla is one hundred miles long and thirty miles wide, with but a sparse population. It will make three good sized counties, and the same may be said of every county in Eastern Oregon.

A protracted religious meeting at Carlton, Yamhill county, has been producing considerable stir. A few days ago it brought about a debate between Rev. Nicholls, Adventist, and Rev. Moss, of the Christian Church. Opinions said to be divided as to the honors of victory, but each got a convert.

On the 24th May there was a meeting at Lafayette to consider the propriety of building locks on the Yamhill river at that place. It was resolved that estimates of cost be solicited and that A. R. Burbank, W. T. Newby and J. C. Cooper be authorized to collect funds to defray the expenses. It was also voted to canvass for subscriptions of stock.

Corval is *Democrat*: On Monday last a delegation, as a committee, appointed by a citizens' meeting recently held in Lebanon, Linn county, headed by Jas. L. Cowen as chairman, appeared in our city and announced it as the object of their visit to confer with the president and directors of the W. V. & C. R. R. Co. and make the necessary arrangements for continuing the line of road from this city across the Willamette river on to the town of Lebanon. These gentlemen were very enthusiastic in the matter, and wanted to see something done right away. After consultation it was decided that our representative men and president and directors of the road should make a visit to Lebanon as soon as a time could be set by the people of that place for a grand railroad meeting, in which the workings and proposed plans of this company will be shown up clearly to the people of that county.

WHAT OREGON PAPERS SAY.

Coos Bay *News*: We look to see Congress undo for all time whatever is unconstitutional and dangerous in the Republican enactments since 1865.

Corval is *Democrat*: Let us have petitions circulated at once. We want, and demand the change of our constitution. It will be easily accomplished if undertaken in the right way, but will be a failure if not.

Oregon City *Enterprise*: President Hayes has one decided advantage over the malcontents of his party, which they will do well to take in a serious consideration. He is completely independent of them. He is not a candidate for a second term.

Monmouth *Messenger*: When Oregon farmers and business men are ready to have their property taxed from five to ten cents on the dollar to encourage improvements that they may and may not get, they can then encourage such a constitutional amendment as the one proposed.

Salem *Statesman*: It is evident that there is something more than a mere personal quarrel involved in this Mississippi business; there is a deep seated

The Daily Oregonian.

SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 2, 1877.

OREGON WOOLS.

The future importance of Oregon's wool interests cannot easily be overestimated. Oregon wools are beginning to have a national reputation, and their desirable qualities are becoming quite well known to Eastern manufacturers. During the last two or three years quite an amount has been shipped direct to manufacturers by agents representing them in our State, thus saving two or three commissions to wool-growers. Formerly our wools were all bought by San Francisco speculators, taken to that market, graded, repacked and forwarded to Boston, in many cases as Northern California wools.

The very creditable exhibit of our wools at the Centennial exposition, together with these direct shipments, has brought wools of Oregon into general notice and repute. Whenever we can make it an object for Eastern manufacturers to come here, or be represented here by agents, then and not till then will our wools be bought and sold on their merits, as they should be. For instance, good judges know that there is from five to ten cents a pound difference in actual values of Willamette valley wools. But the common saying is that "wool is wool," and it all goes at one price, greatly to the disadvantage of the grower, whose fleeces are of first-rate quality and put up in proper order. He loses something, of course, for the poor lots put on the market. We have, in Willamette valley a large proportion of combing and delaine staple, or in other words, long and short fiber, which if properly cared for and handled would bring several cents more than ordinary wools. To raise this class of wools the sheep must not be allowed to run down and get poor. This causes a defect in the staple which renders it valueless as combing wool and entails a loss of several cents a pound. Our wool-growers, for their own interest, must take more pains to keep their sheep in a thriving condition all the year. A cross of the Oxford or Leicester with the Merino makes an excellent combing and delaine wool. The Cotswolds, which seem to have come into very general use in this valley, are said to be too coarse, and to cross them with the Merino makes too radical a change. In Eastern Oregon, as experienced judges inform us, our wool-growers should breed exclusively for clothing wools. The alkali dust makes it impossible to grow the combing and delaine staple with any degree of success; but the fine clothing stock which they produce is always valuable and commands good prices.

Now a word in regard to putting up our wools for general market. It is indispensable that more care be taken. It will not do to take the fleece, mop up all the dirt and tag-locks in the shearing pen, roll it up any way, twist a rope out of the wool, give it one wrap or turn and thrust it into the sack. Before the wool goes to the Eastern market it must be taken out of the long bale and compressed into square bales in suitable shape for shipping. In doing this at least one-half the fleeces put up in the slovenly way described above will become untied, and by the time the bale gets to Boston and is opened the balance of them are also loose, and there is a pile of wool in the worst possible condition, quite unmerchantable, and is sold at inferior prices. One who has had long experience in handling wool gives the following directions, which those interested may take notice of, viz: "The proper way is to lay the fleece on the table, shorn side down, taking care that the tags and offensive locks are excluded, turn in the head and tail and also the flanks, then roll it up, commencing at the tail end, tying it with two strings to keep the roll in place, and then with one string across the ends. A fleece thus tied is light, easily handled and examined and can be felt all through. It will not become untied and will go to the general market in a saleable condition."

GOV. STONE'S MANIFESTO.

The indignation of Gov. Stone, of Mississippi, is moved by what he calls "misrepresentations" in connection with the Chisholm massacre. He repels with great spirit certain idle reports that are of no consequence whatever, whether true or false; and seems to think he has thereby vindicated the political, social and moral status of the community in which such things are done. But it is observed at once that the points he touches are wholly immaterial; there stands the fact of the savage butchery, equal in atrocity to the acts of Bashi-Bazouks. It is added that Kemper county is now "at peace." Certainly; the head of the political opposition is cut off and nobody will care to disturb the "unanimity" of that locality further. The talk of holding court to bring the assassins to justice is trifling stuff. To try these men by a jury of their associates and sympathizers would be a poor farce, indeed; but even this paltry show of justice will not be enacted. These murders have gone into the long list of unrequited crimes of similar kinds. Of course there is a better sentiment at the South that is shocked by these things, but in localities like this one in Mississippi, it is powerless. Still, it is only truth to say that even this better sentiment has countenanced political methods which move the ignorant and lawless to these atrocities, just as the assassins at Chico were impelled to murder by violent harangues against Chinese, delivered by men of recognized influence and respectability. These things always go further than their real authors contemplate. And so long as the better class of people in the Southern States countenance intimidation, cheating and the milder forms of violence to overcome adverse majorities, will this other class go far beyond the example. Party animosity will be pushed to deadly results, horrifying even to those whose example was the remote cause of it. Violent repression by the hand of the general government is not a proper and adequate remedy for such things. They who blame President Hayes and his policy for these occurrences are therefore very foolish and very unjust. Interference from Washington would only lead to fresh disorders. Time, let us hope, will afford a remedy in the growth of juster feeling and the abandonment of habits of contention and revenge. This whole tragedy in Mississippi, including the part played by the lurking assassin who shot Gully, reveals a state of society that needs instruction in the fundamental principles of civilization. Part of what Gov. Stone says is well enough in its way, but he ought to speak out with emphasis, instead of with the hesitation of timidity and in a half apologetic tone. When he says that no one in that locality justifies the massacre he probably forgets his own statement heretofore made, that it is exceedingly doubtful whether a jury can be found to convict the perpetrators, who are all well known residents." Well known as they are, however, there is no pretense that any one has as yet been arrested.

Nobody from America ever received so many invitations to dine as Gen. Grant. His board in Europe will not cost him a cent.

RAILWAY INTERESTS.

It is urged by the Chicago *Tribune* that the government should keep its hands off and let the Central Pacific people build the Southern road. It is claimed that as they already have built 700 miles of it and will immediately build 200 hundred miles more, there is every assurance that they will put the road through, provided the government do not interfere with their plans by subsidizing the Texas Pacific. Says the *Tribune*:

The Southern Pacific scheme is least of all entitled to any share of public moneys for many reasons, viz: (1) Because we have a Central and National Pacific route built on government money; (2) because experience has taught that the government subsidy is practically absorbed over and above the actual cost of a railroad built on this plan; and (3) because the Southern Pacific road will be built without government aid, if the latter be refused.

In the last reason given there is a good deal, certainly. The prodigious subsidy granted to the Central Pacific is ample also for the construction of the Southern road, and is actually building it. In this way there is already a government subsidy available for the Southern road. The immense resources placed in the hands of the Central Pacific Company by the government are being employed wholly to the prosecution of this Southern enterprise. The government pays the interest on the Central Pacific's bonds, and the company is not embarrassed by the mortgage in the least, because it yet has a very long time to run, and is only a second mortgage which therefore need never be paid. The managers are putting its earnings into the Southern Pacific, and will build a road wholly their own. Government and the holders of the first mortgage on the Central Pacific may then take that road, if they want it, for their debts. Such, plainly is the programme. Therefore the South will obtain a road out of subsidies already given. But the Northwest has no such opportunity. This section is entitled to a grant to place it on an equal footing with other parts of the country. Still, however, the Northwest would not object to moderate aid for a Southern road, provided its own interests and deserts were duly considered.

It is remarked that for many years every commander who has distinguished himself in the Ottoman service is of foreign extraction, and the same may be said of all Russian generals of distinction. It is difficult, says an Eastern paper, to run over the prominent names on either side without recalling the old messroom story of the English interpreter, who, while watching with delight the meeting of a fierce-looking Russian general with a shawled and bearded Pasha, was suddenly petrified by hearing Turk and Russian break forth simultaneously, "Eh, Donald Campbell! are ye here?" "Lord keep us, Sandy Robertson, can this be you?"

Inasmuch as the rebellion had but one purpose, to-wit.: the perpetuation and extension of human slavery, where is the wrong in calling it the "slaveholders' rebellion?" Nobody need become excited when the simple truth of history is spoken.

NEW TO-DAY.

Linen Duck for Men and Boys' Summer wear; for sale at 107 Third st., by JOHN WILSON.

SPECIAL MEETING.

THERE WILL BE A SPECIAL MEETING OF the Emmet Guard at their Armory, this Saturday evening at 8 o'clock sharp. Full attendance requested. By order of the Captain.
L. WALTON.

FOR RENT.

FURNISHED HOUSE, 9 ROOMS. RENT REASONABLE. Enquire of PARRISH & CORNELL. je2d6t

TO RENT.

A DESIRABLE RESIDENCE IN EAST PORTland, opposite the Park. Apply to WOODWARD & CORNELL, Brokers, corner Washington and First streets.

WANTED.

A GOOD COOK, WASHER AND IRONER, TO go to Vancouver. An excellent home and good wages for a good woman; none other wanted. Apply immediately at GEN. BABBITT'S, corner Fourth and Oak streets. je2d3t

BEST PRINTS!
15 Yards for $1.00,
THIS WEEK, AT
P. SELLING'S.

OPEN TO-DAY.
Pacific Exchange Saloon.
Front Street, bet. A and B.

WE HAVE THIS DAY OPENED THE ABOVE Saloon with a well selected stock of Wines, Liquors and Cigars, and invite our customers to call. They will always find it a cozy place.
It LINGREN & LARSEN.

TO SALMON PACKERS.

MURIATIC ACID, in carboys;
ASPHALTUM VARNISH, in bbls.
JAPAN VARNISH, "
No. 1, FURNITURE VARNISH "
GUM TRAGACANTH;
PASTE BRUSHES,
WHITE LEAD;
LINSEED OIL.

For sale by
T. A. DAVIS & CO.
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
71 Front Street, Portland, Oregon.

HODGE, SNELL & CO.,
Wholesale Druggists,
AND
Dealers in Paints, Oils & Glass,
NO. 75 FRONT ST.,
PORTLAND, OREGON,
Offer for Sale at Lowest Market Rates,

BOILED LINSEED OIL, bbls. & cases.
RAW " " do
ENGLISH " " in drums.
LARD, LUBRICATING, CASTOR AND RIGH GRADES COAL OILS.
SPIRITS TURPENTINE,
VARNISHES, American and English.
PAINT, WHITEWASH and VARNISH BRUSHES.
WINDOW GLASS, all sizes.
ATLANTIC LEAD, pails and kegs.
ST LOUIS " "
BROOKLYN " "
SALEM " "
COMMON " "
ASSORTED COLORS, dry and in oil.
GOLD LEAF, GLUE, WHITING, KALSOMINE.

PACIFIC RUBBER PAINT,
All Shades, mixed and ready for immediate use.
With a Full Line of
DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES, GLASSWARE, ACIDS, CHEMICALS, &c.,
To which the attention of purchasers is invited.

FOR SALE.

Picnic Baskets, Croquet Games
FISHING TACKLE, BIRD CAGES,
Centennial Lunch Boxes,
Treble Base Balls and Rules for 1877.
Also, the finest assortment of
Reversible Baby Carriages
In the city.
WM. BECK & SON,
Corner Front and Alder Sts.

MARRIAGE CERTIFICATES!

SHANAHAN FRAMES THEM SO EXQUISITEly that one glance bestowed never fails to quiet the most serious family jar. Remember the place.
SHANAHAN'S MUSIC & ART GALLERY,
m19d1m Morrison st., bet. Second & Third.

NEW TO-DAY.

NEW ARRIVALS.

We have just received a
Millinery Goods
The LATEST Shapes in Ladies' & Misses'
HATS & BONNETS.
Also, the LATEST Novelties in
Materials for Trimming

Continued attention is also invited to our varieties in
DRY GOODS!
To this stock we are constantly adding
NEW ATTRACTIONS!
Making it each succeeding week more complete in all its Departments.

It will be to the interest of purchasers desiring either Dry Goods or Millinery to examine our varieties and prices before purchasing elsewhere,

MOONEY & MOSELEY
First Street,
BETWEEN YAMHILL AND TAYLOR.

AMUSEMENTS.

MASONIC HALL.

SATURDAY EVENING, JUNE 2, 1877.

GRAND CHARITY
CONCERT & LECTURE
FOR THE BENEFIT OF
THE ORPHANS
Under charge of the Sisters of the Most Holy Names.

In response to the invitation extended by a number of the citizens of Portland,

DR. PAUL M. BRENAN,

WILL LECTURE ON
The Past, Present and Future of the United States.
Preceded by a Selection of
Vocal & Instrumental Music.

TICKETS.....FIFTY CENTS.
Reserved Seats Twenty-five Cents extra.
Reserved seats can be secured at Gray's Music Store on Saturday. my28d6t

PICNICS.

GRAND
Military and Civic
PICNIC!
To be Given
BY THE EMMET GUARD,
AT
EAST PORTLAND PARK,
ON
SUNDAY, JUNE 3, 1877.
(Weather permitting.)

PROGRAMME.

Company will form at the Armory at 9 o'clock and proceed immediately to the grounds, where the sports of the day will commence immediately. Prize foot race, fat men's race for prize, ladies foot race for prize, sack racing, wheelbarrow racing, leaping, &c., for prizes, dancing, to continue till 9 P. M.

PROF. LEOTARD, the Gymnast, who has kindly volunteered, will execute the
"LEAP FOR LIFE!"
At 5 o'clock.

Committee of Arrangements.
LT. J. NOONAN, Sergt. W. J. DALEY, M. PHELAN

Tickets can be procured from any member of the company or at the gate.

GENTLEMEN 50 CENTS—LADIES AND CHILDREN 25.

No pains will be spared to make this the picnic of the season. m14dtd

SPECIAL SALE
OF
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

We will sell at the Residence N. W. corner Sixth and D streets, by order of D. F. Harrington, Esq.,
ON SATUROAY, JUNE 2, 1877,
At 10 o'clock A. M.,
PARLOR FURNITURE.
1 Parlor Set,
1 Marble Top Center Table.
1 Mirror. 1 Whatnot.
Pictures and Ornaments.
1 Piano, Hallet, Davis & Co., makers.
ALSO,
1 Elegant Walnut Sideboard, marble top.
1 Walnut Hat Rack.
1 Walnut Extension Table.
ALSO,
Diningroom Furniture.
ALSO,
Bedroom Furniture.
ALSO,
Cook Stove, Parlor Stoves.
Crockery and Kitchen Furniture.
ALSO.
At the same time and place,
1 Reliable Family Horse, gentle & kind.
1 Phaeton, 2-seated.
1 Buggy and Harness.
ALSO,
House Plants.
House to Rent.
ALSO,
1 Cottage House to Rent.
GILMAN & IRVIN, Auctioneers.

JOHN R. FOSTER & CO.
UMATILLA,
Forwarding & Commission
MERCHANTS,
Agents Oregon Steam Navigation Co.
DEALERS IN
Dry Goods, Clothing, Groceries,
Hardware and General Merchandise.
Mark Goods
care J.R.F.
U. JOHN R. FOSTER & Co.

SUGARS, SUGARS
Ex Barkentine "June A. Falkinburg," 15 days from Honolulu,
4000 Pkgs of Island Sugars,
Assorted grades, from the following Plantations:
KOHALA, NAAHELU,
KANPAKNEA, WAIAHUA,
And HAWAIIAN MILLS.
ALSO,
500 bags of TABLE RICE,
100 bbls. MOLASSES.
For sale by
ms8d1m ALLEN & LEWIS.

DRY GOODS.

THE
BEST BARGAINS YET.

We received per "Ajax."
A Lot of Linen Suits,
At $8 and upwards.
Best American Prints,
Fourteen yards for $1.
Best English Prints,
Eight yards for $1.
Fine 4-4 Bleached Muslin,
9 cents per yard.
Lonsdale and White Rock Muslin, by the piece, 11c.
Good Quality Table Linen,
40c per yard.
Good Quality Cot. Flannel,
10c per yard.
Good Qual'y Shak. Flannel
20c per yard.
Heavy Cloth for Boys' wear
40c per yard.
All Wool Red Flannel,
25 cents.
Heavy Gingham,
10 cents.
Double Width Sheeting,
25 cents.
Marble Table Oil Cloth,
50 cents.
Worsted Table Covers,
90 cents
Corsets.
50 cents and upward.
Child's Striped Hose,
10c and upwards.
New Style Dress Goods.
20 and 25c.
Large stock Embroideries,
From 5 cents and upward.
Large stock Linens and Linen Trimmings.
Parasols, from 25c to $5.
Wide Sash Ribbons,
25 and 37½c per yard.
Neckties, Ruchings,
Linen Collars and Cuffs,
All Qualities & Prices.

The above comprise a few of the Bargains which we are offering, all of which are sold for SILVER. Highest premium paid on Gold.

J. F. B. WRINKLE & CO.,
Cor. Salmon and First Sts.

P. v. FRIDAGH,
DEALER IN
Dry Goods, Notions & Millinery.
A full and well selected Stock of
SPRING AND SUMMER STYLES.
Prices to Suit the Times.
ap9d2m

THE PACIFIC
[illegible]
Of California.

JOHN H. CARROLL.....PRESIDENT
GEO. A. MOORE.....VICE PRESIDENT

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B. D. SHATTUCK.....PRESIDENT
J. A. STROWBRIDGE.....VICE PRESIDENT
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C. A. DOLPH.....ATTORNEY

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A. B. COVALT.....GENERAL MANAGER

Total Assets, Gold Coin, Dec. 31, 1876.....$1,281,847 59
Total Liabilities, Gold Coin, Dec. 31, 1876.....916,750 51
Net Surplus to Policy-Holders, Gold Coin.....$365,097 08

OFFICE OF INSURANCE COMMISSIONER,
San Francisco, Feb. 5, 1877.

I, J. W. Foard, hereby certify that I am Insurance Commissioner of the State of California, and have supervision of insurance business in the State, and as such Commissioner, further certify that the Pacific Mutual Life Insurance Company of California is a corporation properly organized under the laws of this State, and being in a solvent condition and possessed of a paid up capital of One Hundred Thousand Dollars, equal to Gold Coin of the United States, is authorized to do business in the State. And I further certify that, upon a personal examination of the books and papers of the said company at the close of the year eighteen hundred and seventy-six, its statement as of this date, and now on file in this office, was shown to be correct and true, the company being possessed of good, valid assets amounting to one million two hundred and sixty-four thousand eight hundred and thirty-six dollars and eighty six cents* ($1,264,836 86), and having outstanding liabilities, as defined by the laws of the State, amounting to nine hundred and six ten thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars and five cents ($916,750 05), exclusive of the Capital Stock.

L.S. As witness my hand and official seal, the day and year first above written.
J. W. FOARD,
Insurance Commissioner.

Extract from Report of A. D. SMITH, ex-Deputy Insurance Commissioner.

J. C. EDWARDS, Publisher *Coast Review*,
Dear Sir:—In pursuance of your request I have made an examination of the Assets and Liabilities of the Pacific Mutual Life Insurance Company of California, as they existed on the 31st day of December, 1876, as shown by the books and papers of the Company, and as a result of such examination I beg to report as follows:

* * * * * * * *

Total Assets, Gold.....$1,281,847 59
Re-Insurance Reserve, American Experience, 4½ per ct.....$686,031 49
Claims for Death Losses.....28,700 00
Due on Account Salaries and Rents.....2,019 02
Total Liabilities, Gold.....916,750 51
Net surplus to Policy-holders.....$365,097 08
Company's paid-up Cap tal.....$100,000 00

The above is, I believe, a true and fair statement of the Company's condition Dec. 31, 1876.

In conclusion, I beg to say that I found the Company's business thoroughly systematized—its books and papers in excellent condition and neatly kept. Every facility was extended to me by all the officers and employees of the Company to enable me to make my examination thorough. Books, papers, and accounts were freely exhibited to me. There was no attempt to hold back or conceal anything. I am satisfied the Company courts the most rigid scrutiny. For courteous treatment, I beg to return thanks to the officers and attaches of the Company.
Respectfully submitted,
A. D. SMITH.
San Francisco, February 5, 1877.

* Commissioner Foard excludes items of assets not admitted under the laws of California, amounting to $17,010 73.

$504 MADE BY ONE AGENT IN 30 DAYS. Eleven new articles; samples free. A. S. SPENCE & CO., 46 Geary st., S. F. a1743m

DRY GOODS, MILLINERY, ETC.

THE
BEST BARGAINS YET.

We received per "Ajax."
A Lot of Linen Suits,
At $8 and upwards.
Best American Prints,
Fourteen yards for $1.
Best English Prints,
Eight yards for $1.
Fine 4-4 Bleached Muslin,
9 cents per yard.
Lonsdale and White Rock Muslin, by the piece, 11c.
Good Quality Table Linen,
40c per yard.
Good Quality Cot. Flannel,
10c per yard.
Good Qual'y Shak. Flannel
20c per yard.
Heavy Cloth for Boys' wear
40c per yard.
All Wool Red Flannel,
25 cents.
Heavy Gingham,
10 cents.
Double Width Sheeting,
25 cents.
Marble Table Oil Cloth,
50 cents.
Worsted Table Covers,
90 cents
Corsets.
50 cents and upward.
Child's Striped Hose,
10c and upwards.
New Style Dress Goods.
20 and 25c.
Large stock Embroideries,
From 5 cents and upward.
Large stock Linens and Linen Trimmings.
Parasols, from 25c to $5.
Wide Sash Ribbons,
25 and 37½c per yard.
Neckties, Ruchings,
Linen Collars and Cuffs,
All Qualities & Prices.

The above comprise a few of the Bargains which we are offering, all of which are sold for SILVER. Highest premium paid on Gold.

J. F. B. WRINKLE & CO.,
Cor. Salmon and First Sts.

P. v. FRIDAGH,
DEALER IN
Dry Goods, Notions & Millinery.
A full and well selected Stock of
SPRING AND SUMMER STYLES.
Prices to Suit the Times.
ap9d2m

THE PACIFIC
[illegible]
Of California.

JOHN H. CARROLL.....PRESIDENT
GEO. A. MOORE.....VICE PRESIDENT

Oregon Branch Office.
B. D. SHATTUCK.....PRESIDENT
J. A. STROWBRIDGE.....VICE PRESIDENT
A. H. MORGAN.....SECRETARY
C. A. DOLPH.....ATTORNEY

Directors:
B. D. Shattuck, J. A. Strowbridge, A. H. Morgan, C. A. Dolph, J. K. Gill, C. C. Strong, E. P. Rogers, George Marshall, Charles Horge, L. C. Henrichsen, G. Shindler and E. Nottage.
A. B. COVALT.....GENERAL MANAGER

Total Assets, Gold Coin, Dec. 31, 1876.....$1,281,847 59
Total Liabilities, Gold Coin, Dec. 31, 1876.....916,750 51
Net Surplus to Policy-Holders, Gold Coin.....$365,097 08

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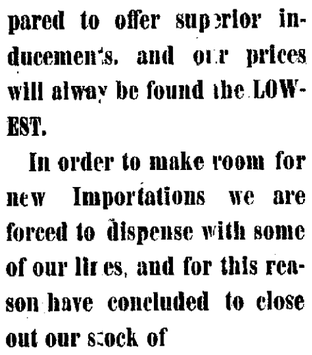
$504 MADE BY ONE AGENT IN 30 DAYS. Eleven new articles; samples free. A. S. SPENCE & CO., 46 Geary st., S. F. a1743m



USE RUBBER, PAINT for which FIVE MEDALS have been awarded at State Fairs on this coast for superiority—gives a smooth, glossy, firm, durable, beautiful surface; unaffected by changes of temperature; impervious to water and

Adapted to All Classes of Work.

Sold in all shades, by the gallon, ready for immediate use. Send for sample cards.
LOCAL TESTIMONIALS, with its different colors on wood, can be seen and information obtained by calling upon the agents,
HODGE, SNELL & CO., Wholesale Druggists,
And dealers in Paints, Oils and Window Glass,
m17d2p No. 75 Front street, Portland, Oregon.

E. MARTIN & CO.,
DEALERS IN
FINE WHISKIES, BRANDIES,
WINES & LIQUORS,
95 Front St., Portland—408 Front St., San Francisco.

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE "J. H. CUTTER" and "Miller's Extra" Whiskies. Constantly on hand, in bulk and in cases:
(A) J. H. CUTTER,
A No. 1, " "
O. K. " "
O. K. No. 1, " "
RYE, " "
O. P. S., " "
And a full assortment of
Everything in the Liquor Line.

RECEIVED!
100 dozen of John M. Davis & Co.'s
WHITE SKIRTS,
At $1 00 apiece.
AT
Ackerman Bros.'
CLOTHING BAZAR,
Corner First and Washington sts.

NOTICE.

VOUCHERS AGAINST THE INDIAN DEPARTment in Oregon and Washington Territory bought and collected. Any other business before the Departments at Washington promptly attended to. Apply to D. P. THOMPSON,
Portland, April 30, 1877. m1d1f

DRY GOODS.

C. O. CRANE & CO.
Have received per "Chester" a
Stock of Bunting,
Novelties in Scarfs & Ruches,
&
Ties, Gloves, &c.
New Black Cashmeres,
Black Cashmere Shawls,
Black Grenadines,
Colored Wool Grenadines.

We have in Stock for 10 days, a lot of
LINEN SUITS
AND
LINEN DUSTERS,
For sale on Commission,
VERY LOW.
Domestics at Wholesale Prices
JOHN CRAN & CO.,
FIRST STREET,
Bet. Washington and Alder.

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING.

THE EASTERN WAR.
Selling Out! Selling Out! Selling out!
Desiring to change their business,
LEVY & BERG,
Corner of Front and Taylor Streets,
Offer their Entire Stock of
Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Hardware, &c.
AT LESS THAN COST!

Fine Blk Broadcloth Coats	$15 00,	for. price	$20 00
" Doeskin Pants	7 00,	"	10 00
Blue Caster Beaver Suits	22 50,	"	30 00
Cassimere	from 10 00,	to	16 50
Blk Silk, very good quality	2 25	pr yd for p	3 00
Blue and Black Broadcloth	2 50	" "	3 50
Black Cashmere	1 00	" "	1 37
French Merino	65	" "	87½
Empress Cloth	35	" "	50

Other kinds of Dress Goods from 12½ cts to 75 cts.
OUR GOODS ARE BOUND TO BE SOLD.
We have on hand a large lot of SHINGLES for sale cheap. Wool taken at the highest market rates. m22d1m

PERFECTION ATTAINED AT LAST.
NEW STYLE
Shuttle Sewing Machine!

AFTER 20 YEARS' EXPERIENCE IN THE manufacture of Sewing Machines, the gentlemen composing the White S. M. Co. have produced a machine that contains all the principles that have given perfect satisfaction in other machines and with their own patents embodied them in the new White Shuttle Sewing Machine, which they now offer to the public as a PERFECT SEWING MACHINE. Use it once and you will use no other. Great inducements offered to purchasers. Old machines taken in exchange as part payment.
AGENTS WANTED
In every town in Oregon and Washington Terr'y.
J. B. LOOMIS, Agent,
At Barr's Shoe Store, First street.

A. L. STINSON,
[illegible],
SALEM.

HAVING ADDED AN EXTENSIVE ASSORTment of New Types, Cuts, etc., to my already extensive Book and Job Office, I am now prepared to do any and all kinds of

Book, Plain and Ornamental
PRINTING
On Short Notice and at REASONABLE PRICES.

Stock Certificates a Specialty!

Having the largest assortment of Mining Certificate lines and cuts adapted to that kind of work of any Office in Oregon, I am prepared to execute orders in the very best style, in any number of colors desired, and on short notice.
Address A. L. STINSON,
my29d6t Salem, Or.

PONTOON GROUNDS

HAVING LEASED THE "CITY VIEW FARM," situated three miles south of East Portland, on the Willamette river, I am prepared to let on reasonable terms to Societies, Military Companies or any organizations, at a moderate rate,
The Grounds are
Beautifully Located.
And well arranged for the purpose and can be reached by boats or vehicles in a brief time.
Dancing Floor 60x60.
For terms apply to CHARLES KAISER, on the Grounds, or P. J. MARTIN, 97 Front street. a30d

GOOD TIMES COMING!!!

RUSSIA AND TURKEY HAVE "LOCKED Horns;" England, Austria and Greece are rolling up their sleeves; wheat is booming; immigrants pouring in rapidly; failure in California; prospects never better for a large crop in Webfoot; silver by the acre on Camp creek, and general rejoicing at the RETAIL BANK.
$1,000—$600—$300—$3,000 on Real Estate Security.
$000,000 50—$300—$5,000—$10,000 on Personal Security.
For the coin see
m8d1m DELASHMUTT & OATMAN.

GIANT POWDER
The Strongest and Safest Explosive Known;
Giant-Powder Caps & Fuse,
For sale in quantities to suit, by
JAMES LAIDLAW & CO.,
7 First St., Sole Agents.
Circulars on application. m10d1m

Stage Line from Drain and Scottsburg.
SHORTEST ROUTE TO THE SEA COAST.
JOHN BARKER, PROPR.

LEAVES DRAIN EVERY MONDAY, WEDNESday and Friday at 8 A. M., connecting at Scottsburg with the steamer for Gardiner. Returns on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday. Best Thoroughbrace Concord Coaches; 4 horses; fare reasonable.

SAN JUAN LAND
For Sale in Lots to Suit, by
CORBITT & MACLEAY,
Sole Agents.
m1d1f

AUCTION AND COMMISSION.

OSCAR KILBOURN,
AUCTION AND COMMISSION MERCHANT
Corner First and Pine Streets.
Regular Sale Days, Wednesdays and Saturdays.
WILL PURCHASE AND SELL REAL ESTATE, Merchandise, Furniture, etc.
A general assortment of Merchandise at private sale.

AT PRIVATE SALE,
SECOND HAND SAFES, OIL CLOTHING.
Very desirable SHELVING with DRAWERS—new.
OSCAR KILBOURN, Auctioneer.

REGULAR SALE
THIS DAY.
SATURDAY, JUNE 2, 1877,
At 10 o'clock A. M.,
Horses and Wagons,
Furniture, Dry Goods, Groceries, Pictures, Watches, Parlor Sets, Mattresses.
ALSO,
For account of whom it may concern—
3 Sewing Machines,
1 Solar Compass,
In order, a fine Instrument.
ALSO,
Arm Cane Seat Chairs,
Stoves, 1 metallic Refrigerator,
And other Desirable Goods.
OSCAR KILBOURN, Auctioneer.

B. L. N. GILMAN. I. R. K. IRVIN.
GILMAN & IRVIN,
Auctioneers and Commission
MERCHANTS,
First Street, bet. Pine and Ash, Portland.
Regular Sales of Real Estate, Furniture and General Merchandise, TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS at 10 o'clock A. M.

Regular and Peremptory Sale
TUESDAY, JUNE 5, 1877,
At 10 o'clock A. M.,
The Balance of Stock of
Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes and Clothing.
ALSO,
1 Parlor Set Furniture,
1 Bedroom Set,
Bedsteads, Chairs, &c.
ALSO,
Casters, Table Cutlery, &c.
ALSO,
1 Open Buggy,
5 Sets Harness.
GILMAN & IRVIN, Auctioneers.

INSURANCE.

[illegible] Insurance Company,
FIRE AND MARINE.
Capital, (PAID UP IN GOLD COIN), $250,000
Assets, exceed $1,000,000
BRANCH OFFICE FOR OREGON,
First National Bank Building, Portland.
W. S. CALDWELL, Agent.

OREGON BRANCH
HOME [illegible]
Fire Insurance Company

Capital, [illegible]
Assets, [illegible]
Income, 1875, [illegible]
Losses paid since Organization $1,140,000

HAMILTON BOYD,
MANAGER,
78 First Street, Portland, Oregon.

THE STATE
[illegible] Insurance
COMPANY,
OF SAN FRANCISCO.
FIRE AND MARINE
Incorporated in 1871.
Cash Assets, [illegible]
OFFICERS:
PETER DONAHUE, A. J. BRYANT,
President. Vice President.
CHARLES H. CUSHING, Secretary.
This Company has no connection with any insurance combination; its business is governed by the Lowest Paying Rates each risk being rated according to its own merits.
The undersigned, having been appointed General Agents for the above Company, are now prepared to accept applications and issue Policies for Fire and Marine risks at equitable rates.
A. P. HOUSLING & CO.,
Office—25 Front Street, Portland.
General Agents for Oregon and Washington Ter'y.

WAR MAP
OF
TURKEY AND RUSSIA
Price 50 Cents,
BY MAIL TO ANY ADDRESS.
ALSO,
WALLACE'S "RUSSIA" [illegible]
THE TURKS IN EUROPE [illegible]
[illegible] & CO.,
BOOKSELLERS,
m17 73 First Street.

COLLIER'S
IRON WORKS,
44 Front St., bet. Pine and Oak.
MACHINERY OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
Made to order at short notice.
REPAIRING
Promptly attended to by experienced workmen.

FOR HONOLULU—Direct.
THE A 1 FAST SAILING BARQUE
JANE A. FALKINBURG,
L. H. HUBBARD, Jr., Master.
Will have quick despatch. For Freight or Passage apply to
ALLEN & LEWIS, Packers,
m30d10t or to Capt. GEO. FLAVEL, Astoria.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXisting between J. W. Murray and O. S. Forney, manufacturers of various Patent Family Kettles and sellers of the same, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts will be paid by W. Murray, and the business continued as before, for pay, public patronage of home industry, I ask a share of my friends' patronage, and I guarantee satisfaction.
J. W. MURRAY.
Portland, May 30, 1877. jelsdaw1

WOOL! WOOL!
I HAVE ORDERS FROM EASTERN MANUFACTURERS direct for 500,000 lbs "Valley Wools," for which the highest market price will be paid. Correspondence so solicited.
GEO. WOODWARD,
Agent Eastern Manufacturers.
P. O. Box 429, Portland, Ogn. m15d1m

NOTICE.

ALL THOSE INDEBTED TO THE FIRM OF A. M. Smith & Co., of Buena Vista, Polk Co., Oregon, are requested to pay all moneys due said firm over to the undersigned.
P. P. BONZEY, Receiver.
Buena Vista, Ogn., May 23, 1877. m25d3m

The Daily Oregonian.

SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 2.

CITY.

PROGRESS AND ENTERPRISE.—Three notices the departure from this port [illegible] Hawaiian bark *Mattie Macleay*, for Honolulu direct, with a c

TION AND COMMISSION.

SCAR KILBOURN,

ON AND COMMISSION MERCHANT

orner First and Pine Streets.

r Sale Days, Wednesdays and Saturdays.

L PURCHASE AND SELL REAL ESTATE

Merchandise, Furniture, etc.

eral assortment of Merchandise at private

T PRIVATE SALE.

ND HAND SAFES, OIL CLOTH.

esirable SHELVING with DRAW-

RS—new.

OSCAR KILBOURN, Auctioneer.

GULAR SALE

THIS DAY,

SATURDAY, JUNE 3, 1877,

At 10 o'clock A. M.,

es and Wagons.

niture, Dry Goods, Groceries.

nres, Watches, Parlor Sets, Mattres-

ALSO,

for account or whom it may concern—

wing Machines,

Solar Compass.

der, a fine Instrument.

ALSO,

Cane Seat Chairs.

ves. 1 metalic Refrigerator.

other Desirable Goods.

OSCAR KILBOURN, Auctioneer.

N. GILMAN. J. B. K. IRVIN.

GILMAN & IRVIN,

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Street, bet. Pine and Ash, Portland.

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Bedroom Set,

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ALSO,

Casters, Table Cutlery.

ALSO,

1 Open Buggy,

2 Sets Harness.

GILMAN & IRVIN, Auctioneers.

INSURANCE.

EAGLE

Insurance Company.

FIRE AND MARINE.

Capital, (PAID UP IN GOLD COIN,) - $750,000

Assets, exceed - $1,000,000

BRANCH OFFICE FOR OREGON,

First National Bank Building, Portland.

W. S. CALDWELL, Agent.

OREGON BRANCH

HOME MUTUAL

Fire Insurance Company

Capital, - - - - - $300,000.00

Assets, - - - - - $568,541.45

Income, 1875, - - - $465,901.29

Losses paid since Organization $1,187,307.50

HAMILTON BOYD,

MANAGER,

78 First Street, Portland, Oregon.

THE STATE

Investment Insurance

COMPANY.

OF SAN FRANCISCO.

FIRE AND MARINE.

Incorporated in 1871.

Cash Assets, - $475,000.

OFFICERS:

PETER DONAHUE, A. J. BRYANT,
President. Vice President.
CHARLES H. CUSHING, Secretary.

This Company has no connection with any In-
surance combination; its business is transacted in
the Lowest Paying Rates; each risk being rating
according to its own merits.

The undersigned, having been appointed General
Agents for the above Company, are now prepared
to accept applications and issue Policies for Fire
and Marine risks at equitable rates.

A. P. HOTALING & CO.,

Office—25 Front Street, Portland.

General Agents for Oregon and Washington Territory

WAR MAP

OF

TURKEY AND RUSSIA!

Price 50 Cents.

BY MAIL TO ANY ADDRESS.

ALSO,

WALLACE'S "RUSSIA"..... $1 00

THE TURKS IN EUROPE..... 25

H. K. GILL & CO.,

BOOKSELLERS,

73 First Street, dtf

COLLIER'S

IRON WORKS!

44 Front St., bet. Pine and Oak,

MACHINERY OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

Made to order at short notice.

REPAIRING

promptly attended to by experienced workmen.

FOR HONOLULU—Direct.

THE A 1 FAST SAILING BARK

JANE A. FALKINBURG,

L. H. HUBBARD.....Master

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apply to

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or to Capt. GEO. FLAVEL, Astoria.

d20d1ot

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the past public patronage for the same, and still
solicit a share of my friends' patronage, and will
guarantee satisfaction. J. W. MURRAY.

Portland, May 30, 1877. 1m*

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GEO. WOODWARD,

Agent Eastern Manufacturers

Box 129, Portland, Ogn. m18d&w1m

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firm over to the undersigned.

A. P. BONZEY, Receiver.

Buena Vista, Ogn., May 23, 1877. m23-3m

Daily Oregonian.

SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 2, 1877.

DAILY CITY.

PROGRESS AND ENTERPRISE.—Thursday we noticed the departure from this port of the Hawaiian bark *Mattie Macleay*, for Honolulu direct, with a cargo of Oregon produce and passengers, and yesterday the arrival at this port of the bark *Garibaldi* with Chinese passengers and a cargo of sugar, rice, and a general cargo, to *Corbit & Macleay*. The firm mentioned own both vessels, and keep them constantly employed in their own business. This house has now a vessel on the berth at Liverpool for Portland direct, and the *Kokbank* at Honolulu, will be due in a few weeks, consigned to them, with an assorted cargo from Glasgow, Scotland, and will return with a cargo of Oregon salmon. It will thus be seen that this young but rich State is gradually advancing toward a position of independence, and doing its own business with all parts of the world direct, in place of any longer paying tribute to San Francisco, which has ever endeavored to keep Oregon unknown and in the background. The action of these gentlemen is to be commended for employing their capital in ships and shipping, and doing business direct in their own vessels. It is to be hoped that some of the other wealthy merchants of Portland will emulate their example, as the State is to receive direct benefits from such enterprise.

PLEASANT DAYS AROUND THE WORLD.—Mr. John Maguire, who recently made a successful tour of Washington Territory, British Columbia and Eastern Oregon, giving monologue entertainments, arrived yesterday on the steamer from San Francisco. He comes as business manager for Bert's San Francisco Dramatic Company, and will make arrangements for the early appearance in this city of the troupe mentioned. The company will open at the *Elder* in time to open at New Market Theater on the 18th inst. At present the company is playing at San Jose. They will open here in the great sensational play of "Eighty Days Around the World," which had such a wonderful run in San Francisco. This play was presented to overflowing houses for seven consecutive weeks. They will bring all the scenery from San Francisco, which is from the brush of that master of scenic painters, Voegtlin. The play will be presented with every possible scenic effect, and if the press is to be believed, "Eighty Days Around the World" is a very brilliant series of tableaux, and can not fail to prove attractive.

MASONIC HALL, TO-NIGHT.—Do not forget that the proceeds derived from the concert and lecture at Masonic Hall to-night are to be given to the orphans under the charge of the Sisters of the Holy Names. This fact alone should draw a crowded house. But the talent of Portland are promised a rare treat indeed on this occasion, for the evening's entertainment will commence with elegant and appropriate vocal and instrumental selections. Then will follow the lecture by Dr. Brenan, on the Past, Present and Future of the United States, which he has kindly consented to deliver this evening for the benefit of this humanitarian institution. After the lecture follows a descriptive song, "When the Tide Comes In." The evening's entertainment will conclude with the rendition of the poem "Shamus O'Brien," by Dr. Brenan, in response to special request. Tickets, 50 cents; to be had at Gray's music store. Reserved seats can be secured to-day. Let the people of Portland fill Masonic Hall to-night and give the orphans a lift of a practical character.

COMMENCEMENT.—The Hillsboro *Independent* says: Next week the commencement exercises of Pacific University at Forest Grove will begin with the usual literary exercises of that institution. Commencement proper will take place on Wednesday, when there will be a lecture by Judge M. P. Deady before the Alumni Association, also the exercises of the graduating class. We have received no programme of the exercises, and this is as much as we can definitely say on the subject. It is to be supposed that this commencement will be as interesting as usual, unless it be that the continued illness of the President of the institution shall cast a shadow upon it. Let us all hope and pray that he may be spared to firmly establish the university on the liberal and progressive basis whereon he has founded it.

CONCERT.—A number of gentlemen, accompanied by the Northwestern Brass Band, called at the residence of Mr. Julius Mayer last evening and serenaded that gentleman and his wife, they having just arrived from the East. The party were invited in and all partook of refreshments. Congratulations followed and then adjourned to the residence of Mr. Levi May, where was recently united to Miss Helen, daughter of Councilman Blumauer. Music and congratulations were in order, after which the Oregonian was serenaded, one of the selections being the new march, by Prof. Parrott, mentioned elsewhere.

A TRUTHFUL PICTURE.—The Middletown (N. Y.) *Argus* says: "The *Tribune* and *Commercial Advertiser* continue to publish funny stories about Cronin of Oregon. We hear that he enjoys them almost as much as the writers do—but we wish to correct a few mistakes. He is not a foreigner, but a native of New York—he is a good looking man, without facial peculiarity, except in the eyes of hostile reporters; he is a strictly temperate man, and one of the best lawyers in Oregon." We in Portland can answer for the accuracy of this picture. Now stop joking.

"LITTLE JENNIE MARCH."—Prof. Thomas H. Parrott, leader of the Northwestern Band, has laid on our table his new march, which he has just received from the publishers, Oliver Ditson & Co., of Boston. "Little Jennie March was composed some time ago by Prof. Parrott and forwarded for publication. It is a very pretty march and cannot fail to become popular. The composer has dedicated the music to Miss Jennie Bertbol, of East Portland.

OUT OF BUSINESS.—The old established firm of L. White & Co. have disposed of their entire stock and retired from business. The firm was one of the oldest in Portland, and it is to be regretted that they have given up business. We have not learned what the future intentions of the gentlemen composing the firm are. It is hoped they will at some time launch forth again in this city. The building will be occupied, after July 1st by Fleischner, Mayer & Co.

INJURED.—While the steamer *Elder* was lying at Astoria one of the passengers met with a serious accident. He left the steamer, and while strolling about the dock, fell down one of the inclines and dislocated his hip and fractured an arm. He was brought up on the steamer and conveyed to Good Samaritan Hospital, where he will receive proper treatment. We are unable to learn the name of the unfortunate man.

THE BRIDGE QUESTION.—The *Telegram* says: A number of those who are especially interested in the building of a bridge across the Willamette river at this point will hold an informal meeting in Beck's building, at 10 o'clock to-morrow morning, to take into consideration further action in the matter and devise ways and means to advance the progress of preliminary arrangements."

UNIVERSALIST STATE CONVENTION.—The State convention of Universalists will meet June 7th. Delegates will take tickets to Salem, on the O. & C. R. R., paying full fare going, and will be returned free on presenting certificate of the secretary of the convention. Services will be at Halsey on Wednesday and Thursday (June 6th and 7th) to convey delegates free to the place of meeting.

EDUCATED RED MEN.—The Nez Perce nation will be represented to-morrow evening at the Presbyterian church. These young men are not the painted, feathered, blanketed savages who belong to the Wallowa band, but are educated and civilized men. They are said to be able speakers. They are specimen fruit of the present policy of Indian management.

LIST OF LETTERS.—The following letters remain uncalled for in Wells, Fargo & Co's Express office: H. L. Cohen, L. W. S. Davis, Clayton & Hall, N. E. Hanson, Sam'l Haslett, Geo. Haynes, E. Jacobson, Theo. R. Spitz.

CHANGE IN O. S. N. Co. SCHEDULE.—By advertisement of O. S. N. Co. it will be seen that passengers can hereafter leave Portland for Wallula three times a week—Monday, Tuesday and Friday mornings.

BRIEF NOTES.

More Johns.

Strawberries thicken.

The *Elder* has arrived.

A moonlight excursion is talked of.

The *Garibaldi* brought 209 more celestials.

Senator L. F. Grover was in the city yesterday.

Steamer *California* will sail to-day for the north.

Dr. Brenan's lecture this evening at Masonic Hall.

Dan Owen has recently turned up drunk in Oregon City.

Remember the special sale to-day by Gilman and Irvin.

Since January 1, nearly 10,000 immigrants have arrived here.

Police matinee: Graves and Nolan, both drunk; former $5, latter $10.

How to reduce your gas bills: pay to-day and save $1 on every 1,000 feet.

Capt. R. H. Lamson has entered upon his duties as clerk of the United States court.

There are two uncalled for cable messages at the W. U. T. Co.'s office for Jones Packer.

Water we understand has been reached in the well which has been sunk in St. Mary's Cemetery, at a depth of about 85 feet.

Mrs. Kellogg will be tendered a reception this evening at Good Templar Hall by the members of Multnomah Lodge, I. O. G. T.

Should the weather clerk give us the light of his countenance the Emmet Guard will hold a grand picnic to-morrow at East Portland Park.

Burke, the veteran hack man of the O. T. Co. was "on deck" on one of the finest hacks of the company yesterday. The hack is just out of the carriage factory and looks as good as new.

Jack Boylen and C. Darling were arrested a few days ago in Washington county on an indictment by the grand jury. The latter for selling liquor to Indians, and the former on a charge of riot.

Bishop Morris is away upon an extended visit to Roseburg, Coos Bay and several other places in the State. He hopes to be back in time to attend the closing exercises of the Bishop Scott Grammar School.

Miss Edith J. Carter of this city was one of the graduating class at Mills' Seminary, Brooklyn, Cal., at the commencement exercises taking place yesterday. She was announced for an essay on "The English Language."

D. F. Harrington, Esq., an old an prominent citizen of Portland, and at present a member of the Common Council, will remove with his family to San Francisco in a few weeks, to take up a permanent residence in that city.

SPECIAL CHURCH NOTICES.

Rev. Addison Jones will hold divine service at the First Baptist church on Sunday at 11 A. M. and at 8 P. M.

Rev. J. A. Cruzan will preach at the Congregational Church at the usual hours. Morning sermon, "Seeking First the Kingdom of God." Evening sermon from Isaiah xxvIII, 20: "Short Beds and Narrow Covers." Seats free and a cordia welcome.

Public worship at the Presbyterian Church, cor. Washington and Third streets. To-morrow morning, with the admission of members on profession of faith. Bible classes and school at the close of morning service. In the evening, the congregation will be addressed by Nez Perce Indians, both in English and in their native speech. They will show what education is doing for our red brethren.

Taylor-street M. E. Church—Preaching to-morrow at 11 A. M. and at 7½ P. M., by the pastor, C. V. Anthony. Subject in the morning, "The Significance of Christ's Humiliation." In the evening, "Christian Evidences—The Battle Ground Examined. The Sacrament of Baptism and the Lord's Supper will be administered in the morning. Sunday school at 2 P. M. Prayer meeting Thursday evening. All are invited to attend.

PICNICS.

EMMET GUARD PICNIC.—Weather permitting this company will hold their annual picnic at East Portland Park to-morrow. At 9 o'clock A. M. the company will form at the Armory, corner of First and Stark streets, and proceed immediately to the grounds, where the sports of the day will commence immediately. Prize foot race, fat men's race for prize, ladies' foot race for prize, sack racing, wheelbarrow racing, leaping, etc., for prizes. Dancing to continue until 9 P. M. Prof. Leotard, the celebrated gymnast, has kindly volunteered and will make the "Leap for Life" at 5 o'clock in the afternoon. The following gentlemen compose the committee of arrangements: Lieut. J. Noonan, Serg't W. J. Daley, M. Phelan. Price of admission: Gentlemen, 50 cents; ladies and children, 25 cents. Tickets can be procured from any member of the company or at the gate. Good music has been engaged for the occasion, and no pains or expense will be spared to make the affair an enjoyable one to all who may attend.

WEATHER REPORT.—From the records of the U. S. Signal Station of Observation, Port and, Oregon, June 1, 1877:

	7 A. M	2 P. M.	9 P. M.
Observed Barometer	30.190	30.120	30.020
Bar. for temp. & elev'n	30.190	30.194	30.020
Thermometer	46°	61°	60°
Relative Humidity	92	43	65
Wind, direction	0	N.	0
Wind, velocity	0	4	0
Weather	Clear.	Clear.	Cloudy.
Maximum ther			66°
Minimum ther			44°

AT AUCTION.—A very attractive sale this morning at Kilbourn's auction house. A large variety of goods will be sold without reserve. One of Gurley's surveying instruments, among other choice goods offered, will be sold; also horses, buggies, wagons and furniture.

HAVE OPENED.—The Misses Dickenson who recently opened their fancy goods store on Third street, next to Masonic Hall, have opened a new line of millinery goods, in addition to their stock of fancy goods.

TURKS VS. RUSSIANS.—J. K. Gill & Co. received by mail, last night, a large lot of the *very best* War Map published. Mailed to any address for 50 cents.

Linen suits cheaper than ever at J. Harris & Son's.

If you would live economically take your meals at Barnes', Central Market.

She pinned a bouquet in the button-hole of his coat and whispered to him softly, "Charley, it would look prettier if you wore one of those new style coats I noticed at Beck & Waldman's.

Fine fashionable dress and business suits, at bedrock prices, at Kohn's clothing palace, corner of First and Morrison streets.

Just received at the Emporium of Fashion, per *Elder*, a large assortment of ladies' linen suits.

Drawing school every Saturday afternoon at the office of Williams & Krumbein, architects.

New novelties in lace scarfs and bibs, ruching, embroideries, fans, beads, etc., at Mrs. Charles Tichner's, 120 First street.

Linen embroidery in endless variety at J. Harris & Son's Emporium of Fashion.

The rush to Fabre's, Second street, near Morrison, is really astonishing.

When you want a neat suit of furniture interview Birmingham, 156 First street. He understandt his business.

Clothing is sold at prices that defy competition at Kohn's corner of First and Morrison streets.

The Medical Institute of Dr. W. L. Adams, corner of First and Salmon streets, will be removed to Hood river in a few months. Till then chronic diseases of men and women will be treated in Portland as usual. An accomplished lady assistant to give baths to ladies and assist in their treatment always in the office.

Captains and pilots will note the fact that Peter Wilhelm has fitted up two rooms for their especial use at the Fountain, corner Ash and First streets. Number of English papers on file, including the London *Daily Shipping and Mercantile Gazette*.

M. Rosenblatt has returned from San Francisco with a large and well selected stock of men and boys' clothing. He intends to sell his stock at cost for the next thirty days, as he expects a large shipment of clothing from New York soon. The cheapest house is 79 Front street, bet. Stark and Washington.

Mrs. B. A. Owens, M.D., Office and residence, east side First street, between Yamhill and Taylor. Special attention given to Women and Children complaints. Also gives Medicated Vapor Baths, combined with Electricity, in treating Rheumatism and Chronic Diseases.

Another success for Noble Whiskey. It has been adopted as THE stimulant at the County Hospital, San Francisco. Millard & VanSchnyver, 32 Front street, Portland, sole agents Cyrus Noble distillery.

PIONEER ANNIVERSARY.

FIFTH ANNUAL RE-UNION OF THE OREGON PIONEER ASSOCIATION, AT THE STATE FAIR GROUNDS, SALEM, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, JUNE 15 AND 16, 1877.

Punctually at 10:30 o'clock, A. M., the assembly will be called to order by the President, Hon. John Minto, when the following exercises will take place:

1. Prayer by the Chaplain, L. H. Judson.
2. Opening address, by the President.
3. Annual address, by Hon. Elwood Evans.
4. Recess.

AFTERNOON EXERCISES.

5. At 1 o'clock, picnic dinner.
2. The procession will form under the direction of the Chief Marshal, Hon. Ralph C. Geer, at 2:30 o'clock, P. M., and march over the route as shall be designated by the marshal.
3. Fife and drum.
4. Standard bearer.
5. President and Vice President.
6. Chaplain and Orator.
7. Poet and Essayist.
8. Members of the Pioneer and Historical Society of Oregon.
9. Recording and Corresponding Secretaries and Treasurer.
10. Invited guests, male and female.
11. Members of the Society, male and female, who came into the territory previous to January, 1841; followed by the 13 divisions to January, 1851, each division with appropriate banner.
12. Friends of the Association, male and female.
13. March as the marshal shall direct, to the stand.
14. At 3 o'clock occasional addresses, by Hon. Stephen Staats, on Immigration and Rolf Call of 45.
15. At 7 o'clock, dancing in the pavilion.
16. At 7 o'clock the Pioneer camp fire will be lighted, at which time short addresses will be delivered, with time limited to 15 minutes each.

SECOND DAY.

1. At 9 o'clock, A. M., business meeting of the Association, and election of officers.
2. At 10 o'clock, volunteer addresses descriptive of the early days of Oregon.

The following persons have been selected as floor managers of the Pioneer ball:

FLOOR MANAGING COMMITTEE.

Portland, Jos. Buchtel; Oregon City, E. B. Fellows; Aurora, F. C. Geer; Salem, Ben. Strang and C. A. Reed; Jefferson, David Looney; Albany, Jos. Webber and M. V. Brown; Corvallis, Dr. J. B. Lee; Eugene, J. N. Poindexter; Roseburg, W. S. Moss; Jacksonville, H. Klippell; Astoria, Ed. Taylor; Lafayette, H. C. Dale.

RECEPTION COMMITTEE.

Portland, A. Zieber and L. P. W. Quimby; Oregon City, W. L. White; Salem, H. H. Gilfry and W. Brayman; Albany, J. R. Herron; Corvallis, G. F. Wrenn; Eugene, S. H. Friendly; Roseburg, Eli Livingstone.

Tickets to ball, $2 00. Good music has been employed.

The sale of intoxicating liquors, and games of chance on the ground, positively prohibited.

In order to complete the success of the picnic dinner, it is requested that, where convenient, the Pioneers bring their baskets with them. Arrangements have been made that persons who arrive on the grounds on the morning of the 14th, or afterwards, can obtain breakfast at either of the two restaurants.

The grounds and buildings free, and the camping facilities will be furnished to all who may wish to camp on the grounds.

An admittance fee of 50 cents will be charged on all male adults; but members who pay their dues will be admitted free.

The secretary will have offices at the gates on the grounds, where all members of the Association are requested to go and pay their dues. Membership will be received at the same time. Certificates for free passage to return will be given to all who paid full fare on going; given by the secretary, who alone is authorized to furnish the same.

The public are cordially invited.

Per order of Board of Directors.

JOHN MINTO, President.
J. HENRY BROWN, Secretary.

MILITARY NOTES.

At the request of the chief commissary of subsistence, Captain William H. Boyle, 21st infantry, aide-de-camp, is appointed special inspector to inspect certain subsistence stores, for the supply of posts, to be shipped this day from the depot in this city.

Second Lieutenant: Harrison G. Otis, 4th artillery, will report on the 8th proximo to the commanding officer, Fort Canby, for temporary duty, until the return to their station of either of the officers named in paragraph 5, Special Orders No. 57, current series, when he will rejoin his company at Fort Stevens.

The commanding officer, Fort Boise, I. T., will send Private Harrison Jackson, Company A, 21st infantry, reported to be insane, under suitable guard, to San Francisco, to be reported to the Assistant Adjutant General, Division Headquarters, with a view to his admission to the State insane asylum at Stockton, California.

TEACHERS' MONTHLY INSTITUTE.

The tenth session of the Teachers' Monthly Institute will be held to-morrow in the Central School building, commencing at 9 A. M. The following is

THE PROGRAMME:

Vocal trio—"Serenade."
Lecture—"Several Problems in Graded School Government,".....A. J. Anderson
Vocal duet—
Lecture—"Citizenship,".....Alex. Meachen
Vocal solo—"Bird on the Wing."
Reading—"School Government,"
.....Mrs. C. T. Gates
Class exercise—"Writing," Mrs N. H. McMillan
Vocal solo—
Reading—"Tennessee's Partner,"
L. F. Henderson
Quartette—"The Mountain Land."

EDUCATIONAL.

The following is the monthly report of the public schools of the city for the month ending May 25, 1877:

Schools.	AVERAGE GIRLS & BOYS. Average No belonging	Average daily attendance.	Av'ge daily absence.	No. remain'g at date.	GIRLS AND BOYS. White No. days attendance.	No. of days absence.	Pr. ct. attend.	Pupils tardy.	No. cases of tardiness.
High	87	82	5	88	1656	102	94	8	10
Central	505	475	30	507	9506	616	94	85	43
Harrison st	464	433	30	470	8670	570	93	27	51
North	399	356	40	381	7138	506	89	40	47
Totals	1454	1346	106	1446	26970	2128	92	110	131

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Mooney & Morley are in receipt of new goods by last steamer, which they announce in this issue.

The agency of the White & Florence sewing machines has been removed to 131 First street—with Barr's shoe store.

Messrs. Gilman & Irvin will hold a special sale to-day at the residence of D. F. Harrington, northwest corner of Sixth and D streets. Sale will commence at 10 o'clock promptly. Mr. Harrington's entire stock of household furniture will be sold, and some rare bargains will be offered. Among other things to be sold will be a reliable family horse, gentle and kind, a two seated phaeton and a buggy and harness. For further particulars read their announcement.

The Debris of the System

Must either pass through its natural channels of exit, the bowels, the kidneys and the pores, or in default thereof, poison and disorder the fluids of the system. In order to effect the complete expulsion of this dangerous refuse, the organs through which it passes off must be active and unobstructed. Fortunately there is a certain means of rendering them so when they are not. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters stimulate the action of the excretory organs, and by diffusing a genial warmth through the circulation, encourage moderate perspiration. By this triple effect the exodus of the fecal and other waste matters are encouraged, and the system freed from peril it would otherwise incur. The action of the bowels which follows the use of this beneficent alterative is easy and unaccompanied by griping, and its stimulative effect upon the urinary organs very conducive to their local health.

CORN REMEDY.

Dr. Halpruner's Patent Salve, for the cure of CORNS, BUNIONS, &c., is for sale by all druggists.

FINNEN'S HAVANA CIGAR STORE,

Opposite Strowbridge's Block, has on hand and for sale a large assortment of fine Cigars, Chewing and Smoking Tobacco, the best, cheapest and largest assortment in the city. Call, judge for yourself, and be convinced that I give more satisfaction for your money than any other retail store here.

98 FIRST STREET.

GEO. H. CHANCE. J. WELCH.

CHANCE & WELCH,

Dentists,

Office—FIRST STREET,

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Portland, Oregon.

Pure Drugs, Chemicals and Medicines.

NOTICE.

The undersigned in taking leave of Portland returns his sincere thanks for the liberal patronage that has been bestowed, and would bespeak for his successors a continuance of the same.

Both DRS. BARBER & NICKLIN, are gentlemen in every way competent and worthy of any confidence that may be placed in them, and as such I can conscientiously recommend them to my former friends and patrons.

J. H. HATCH.

EUGENE ITEMS.

Our correspondent, under date of June 1st, sends the following:

H. G. Hadley and his son Charley started for the land of "bunch grass" last Sunday.

Dr. J. C. Bolan, county school superintendent, has moved his residence from Jolliston to this place.

Eugene has a carpenter, who, shownuntilke, claims to have worked before the crown heads of Europe.

The State association of the Baptist Church met here yesterday, and will continue their session for several days.

Mr. Randle has closed his butcher shop, trade not being sufficient to justify him in continuing the business.

Hon. W. G. Piper of Albany, and Col. Kelsey of Corvallis, were in town during the week attending to some legal business.

Work is progressing rapidly on the University buildings, the plasterers having already commenced second coating.

L. Hanhauser, formerly a dry goods merchant of this place, but now of Portland, is in town looking after the interests of his farm.

Frank Welch and J. C. Bolan, dentists of this place, have formed a partnership and will continue business at the old stand of Dr. Welch.

R. G. Callison has moved his grocery and bookstore into the building on the corner of First and Willamette streets, recently fitted up for him.

Robt. S. Bean, Esq., of this place, has been chosen to deliver the oration before the Alumni association of Monmouth College at the next annual reunion, June 14th.

Base ball has been lively during the week past. The Amateurs and the second nine of the Unionists club, played a match game Saturday last, the score standing 17 to 18 in favor of the Amateurs.

A bar tender in one of the saloons of this place imbibed a little too much of the liquid poison on last Monday night and was arrested to-day. The Recorder settled all differences the next morning by fining him $6 and costs.

Our road supervisors have had considerable difficulty in getting the Chinamen to work their road tax, but they finally succeeded in levying upon and offering for sale the tools belonging to the wash houses, thereby compelling the Chinamen to put up or stop business.

The contract for building the circle truss bridge across the Coast Fork river was awarded Wednesday last to A. S. Miller and son, of this place for the sum of $5,000. It will have two spans, one of 180 and the other of 70 feet, and an approach of about 100 feet; half of the contract price is to be paid by the county, and the other half by subscription.

SUNDAY PICNICS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

I am sorry to notice that two societies of our city have advertised largely in the papers that they will hold their annual picnics on Sunday. I am aware that this is not an entirely new departure, but that for several years last past one of these societies have held their annual gathering on Sunday; both picnics are to be held entirely, however, out of the city on this occasion, and if the societies above mentioned will exhibit what would seem a due consideration for the views of the church-going portion of the community, and many other good citizens, they will, I think, dispense with the parade through the streets with music on that day, which so many people hold sacred. I suggest this as a point that could easily be controlled by the societies, and besides do a favor to a good many people who are their neighbors and friends. AMIGO.

FROM THE CASCADES.

Mr. S. B. Jones has moved his family to his summer residence at the garrison.

Mr. Moffat, the postmaster and storekeeper of Upper Cascades, has bought the farm of J. McCary on the Oregon side for the purpose of cutting wood for the company.

A gentleman from the Dalles contemplates building a hotel here for the benefit of persons who may wish to spend a few days hunting and fishing or otherwise recreating themselves.

Mr. McKay, head carpenter of the O. S. N. Co., who was recently married to Mr. Hamilton's youngest daughter, has just completed and moved into his elegant new residence on the island.

The beautiful scenery on the Columbia river has tempted a number of excursionists to spend a day in visiting the Cascades. Forest among them this year was the excursion from East Portland, which, although held on a rainy day, was well attended.

MONTHLY WEATHER REPORT.

WAR DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER, DIVISION OF TELEGRAMS AND REPORTS FOR THE BENEFIT OF COMMERCE AND AGRICULTURE. METEOROLOGICAL SUMMARY FOR MONTH OF MAY, 1877, STATION PORTLAND, OREGON.

Date.		Daily Mean Barometer.	Daily Mean Temperature.	Daily Mean Humidity.	Prevailing direction of Wind.	Daily Rain-fall.
May	1	30.103	58.07	58.07	N	.03
"	2	30.108	56.02	59.00	NW	.00
"	3	30.239	56.07	59.00	N	.00
"	4	30.187	58.02	64.00	S	.00
"	5	30.051	60.02	66.03	N	.00
"	6	29.879	53.07	79.00	N	.22
"	7	29.899	51.01	78.07	N	.20
"	8	29.937	55.02	76.07	S	.00
"	9	30.099	56.05	75.03	W	.00
"	10	30.101	59.07	63.00	N	.00
"	11	29.982	54.00	62.00	NW	.00
"	12	29.785	56.05	45.00	N	.00
"	13	29.921	54.07	66.03	S	.00
"	14	30.009	56.02	52.03	N	.00
"	15	29.909	63.07	49.01	N	.00
"	16	30.073	60.07	54.07	S	.00
"	17	30.261	54.00	58.03	NW	.00
"	18	30.191	60.00	49.03	N	.00
"	19	30.106	49.05	60.03	W	.35
"	20	30.048	50.02	68.00	S	.04
"	21	30.022	49.05	76.07	S	.35
"	22	30.057	53.05	70.03	S	.00
"	23	30.071	57.00	69.01	S	.00
"	24	29.936	60.02	67.06	E	.00
"	25	29.965	55.07	75.07	S	.11
"	26	30.091	55.00	68.07	NW	.01
"	27	30.007	57.05	55.00	S	.02
"	28	29.719	54.02	78.07	S	.45
"	29	29.865	54.02	76.03	N	.02
"	30	30.087	56.02	68.07	SW	.05
"	31	30.189	57.05	65.03	S	.02
Means		30.031	56.72	65.06		

GENERAL ITEMS.—Highest barometer, 30.358; Lowest barometer, 29.569.

Highest temperature, 79°; May 12th; lowest temperature, 38°; May 18th.

Prevailing direction of wind, north. Greatest velocity of wind, 16 miles per hour. Total number of miles, 2,294.

Number of cloudy days, 3; number of days on which rain or snow fell, 16.

Comparative temperatures, May 1873, 55.9; 1874, 59.7; 1875, 56.1; 1876, 55.47; 1877, 56.72.

Comparative precipitation, May, 1873, 2.18 inches; 1874, 3.28 inches; 1875, 2.87 inches; 1876, 1.38 inches; 1877, 2.24.

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THE SPENCERIAN STEEL PENS.

***Varieties suited to every style of writing. For sale by the Trade generally. A Sample Card, containing one each of the Fifteen Numbers, by mail, on receipt of 25 Cents.

IVISON, BLAKEMAN, TAYLOR & CO.

138 and 140 Grand st., New York.

So sweet, so pure
So safe, so sure,
So suited to each dental want,
The Fragrant SOZODONT.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a receipt that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station D, 24th e House, New York City.*

Sensible Advice.

You are asked every day through the columns of newspapers and by your druggist to use something for Dyspepsia and Liver complaint that you know nothing about. You get discouraged spending money with but little success. Now, to give you satisfactory proof that GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER will cure you of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, with all its effects, such as sour stomach, Sick Headache, Habitual Costiveness, Palpitation of the Heart, Heart-burn, Water brash, coming up of food after eating, low spirits, &c., we ask you to go to your druggist and get a Sample Bottle of GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER for 10 cents and try it, or a Regular Size for 75 cents. Two doses will relieve you. Agents, Crane & Brigham, Wholesale Druggists, San Francisco.

PLEASURE BOATS.

JOHN LACHAPELLE, Boat Builder, is prepared to furnish Boats for Sale or Rent at any moment. Boat-house Foot of Pine street.

TO THE LADIES.

MRS. ACH,

CITY OF PARIS!

Announces that she has secured the services of a FIRST CLASS DRESS & CLOAK MAKER from San Francisco, and is now ready to receive orders.

CUTTING AND FITTING done at short notice.

Portland, May 21, 1877. 1d

CATARRH.

Twelve Years of Suffering.

Gentlemen—About twelve years ago, while traveling with Father Kemp's Old Folks Concert Troupe as a tenor singer, I took a severe cold and was laid up at Newark, N. J. This cold brought on a severe attack of Catarrh, which I battled with every known remedy for four weeks without avail, and was finally obliged to give up a most desirable position and return home unable to sing a note. For three years afterwards I was unable to sing at all. The first attack had left my nasal organs and throat so sensitive that the slightest cold would bring on a fresh attack, leaving me prostrated. In this way I continued to suffer. The last attack, the severest I ever had, was terrible. I suffered the most excruciating pain in my head, was so hoarse as to be scarcely able to speak, and coughed incessantly. I thought I was going into quick consumption, and I firmly believe that had these symptoms continued without relief they would have rendered me an easy victim. When in this distressing condition, I commenced the use of SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE FOR CATARRH, very reluctantly, I confess, as I had tried a number of advertised remedies without benefit. The first dose of this wonderful medicine gave me the greatest relief. It is hardly possible for one who so head aches, eyes ache, who can scarcely articulate distinctly on account of the choking accumulations in his throat, to realize how much relief I obtained from the first application of SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE. Under its influence both internal and external, I rapidly recovered; and by an occasional use of the remedy since have been entirely free from Catarrh, for the first time in twelve years.

Respectfully yours, GEO. W. HOLBROOK.
Waltham, Mass., Jan. 8, 1876.

P. S.—I purchased the Radical Cure of George H. Rogers, Druggist, Rumford Building.

SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE For CATARRH,

HAS

The Fair Dealer.

SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 2, 1877.

THE SOLID SOUTH AT LAST.

THE WHITE LEAGUE AND TAMMANY HALL—POWER OF THE SOUTHERN DEMOCRATS—THEIR VOTE IN THE ELECTORAL COLLEGE—WHAT THEY CAN DO WHEN UNITED WITH THE NEW YORK RING—A FEW PLAIN FACTS—RESULTS OF THE COMPROMISE POLICY.

One of the representatives of the New York *Times*—"H. C."—Howard Carroll—who has been making an extended tour of political observation through the Southern States, has returned to Washington, whence he writes a letter summing up results. It is dated May 12th. We reproduce material parts of it:

During the hard-fought political contest which resulted in the election of Rutherford B. Hayes to the Presidency of the United States there came from the lips of nearly every prominent Republican speaker, and there appeared in nearly every Republican newspaper in the nation, solemn protests against the inauguration of an era of sectional politics, which it was well known would follow the success of Samuel J. Tilden and the Democratic party. Those protests were not without effect. The shot-gun policy was only partially successful. Mississippi was captured by the White League; fraud was triumphant in Alabama, and the State Government of Florida was stolen. Louisiana and South Carolina, however, were preserved; the fight for right and justice was won in those States, and a Republican President was elected. When this result was obtained the honest people of the country rejoiced at what they believed would be the downfall of the much dreaded "solid South." Their rejoicing was short-lived, however, for it was soon announced by those in authority that "political necessity," "political expediency," the "reconciliation of the sections," "the welfare of the country generally," demanded the overthrow of the legally elected Republican State governments of South Carolina and Louisiana, and called for the recognition and support of Wade Hampton and Nicholls—the ex-rebels, who, basing their claims upon the lawlessness and strength of their White League legions, professed to be the chief magistrates of those States. Daniel H. Chamberlain was deserted in South Carolina. A majority of the people of that State had chosen him to occupy the highest position in their gift, but, notwithstanding this, he fell a victim to the "peace policy," was forced to leave the State house at Columbia, and compelled to find for himself a new home in some other part of the country. S. B. Packard, deserted by those whom he had sustained and supported when they most needed his help and assistance, was also compelled to succumb to the power of the White League, and obliged to abandon the office to which he had been legally elected by a large majority of Louisiana freedmen. The law-fearing, justice-loving people of the country murmured against this abandonment of Southern Republicans, and an effort was made to silence their complaints by the reiterated assertion that the new "peace policy" would be a grand success if allowed time to develop itself, and that by its inauguration the vote of the South would be divided—not solidified.

There is, perhaps, no reason to doubt that these and similar declarations were made in good faith; there is now every reason to believe, however, that there was no proper warrant for making them. After an extended tour through the South, made principally in the hope of finding some evidence of approaching Democratic disorganization, I am compelled to express the conviction that on all national questions the Southern States for years to come will be found casting a solid Democratic vote. In making this statement I only echo the opinion of every well informed Republican who has lived or traveled in the cotton States. At the South, for a number of reasons which I need not now enumerate, the people have their thinking done to order, so to speak. The expressions of leading newspapers can always be taken as fairly indicating popular opinion, feeling and sentiment. And looking at the matter from a Southern standpoint, why should the vote referred to be divided? What have the Southern Democrats to gain by disorganization? It is not usual for victorious armies to disperse. The Democrats of the South have been successful beyond their most sanguine expectations. They have triumphed where they anticipated disaster, and they would be more or less than human if they did not press forward to fresh victories and still greater conquests.

The truth is not always palatable, and in this instance it will no doubt be very distasteful. It must be told sooner or later, however, and there is every reason why the honest people of the country at this time should carefully inquire into their political condition, and make themselves aware of the grave dangers which threaten them and the nation. The Southern States have 138 votes in the Electoral College. Were it not for negro suffrage these same States would have only about 90 votes in the Electoral College. Louisiana, for instance, now has eight electoral votes, but if the law did not allow the black men the right of suffrage; if the negroes were legally disfranchised and allowed no representation, the State would only have four votes in the Electoral College. Again, in Georgia, we find that nine Congressmen are elected, and that were it not for the negro voters of that State she would only be entitled to five Representatives in the National Assembly. In the commonwealth mentioned, however, as in all parts of the South, the freedmen are prevented by one means or another from exercising the right of suffrage to which they are entitled by the results of the war, and so every Southern white Democrat practically casts two votes. In other words, by the suppression of the colored vote the Southern whites have almost double representation in the Electoral College and in Congress. Now, any man who imagines for a moment that they do not fully know and appreciate their power is mistaken. They have control of the House of Representatives. They mean to keep that control; they scout the idea that a supporter of the Administration can be elected to the Speakership, and there seems to be no doubt that the friends of the President have abandoned all hope in that direction. Further than this, the Democrats have almost secured control of the National Senate. They loudly boast that two years from now they will have a decided majority in that body, and this majority they hope to increase by dividing Texas into as many States as may be necessary to secure their object. They do not intend to stop here; they must have control of the executive chair, and already there is some talk in Georgia, Alabama, and Mississippi of nominating in 1880 a representative Southern man to fill that position. And who is to prevent them from electing any candidate that may suit their fancy? They have 138 electoral votes. These they can secure without spending a dollar, for, of course, the Republican party in the cotton States is dead, and will never again come to life. To make up votes enough in the electoral college to secure the seating of their candidate, all they have to do is to carry New York, with her 35 votes, and Indiana with her 15. These two States together with the "solid South," give 188 votes, or a majority of seven in the electoral college. Does any one suppose that the Southern Democrats are not aware of these facts? They know but too well that to secure the national administration they have only to carry two Northern States; they know but too well that they need make no fight on the Pacific coast; all the New England States, including Connecticut, they can let go by default; they need make no effort in all the West outside of Indiana; and from all the great States of that section, from California, from the rich Democrats of Boston, from the West, the North, the South, and the East, they can pour money without end into the two States named. New York and Indiana can be made repositories for the political assessments levied on the Democratic faithful in every other part of the Union, and so the White League legions of the South, and the men who inhabit the slums of New York, will be practically the rulers of the American Republic.

And just here I must not forget to refer to one other element of the so-called peace policy. By some of those who advocated the abandonment of Governors Chamberlain and Packard, and the surrender of the Republican party of South Carolina and Louisiana, it was contended that the negro, the freedmen, were unable properly exercise the rights of suffrage which it was at one time believed had been guaranteed to them by the reconstruction acts and the amendments to the national constitution. What is the cause of this inability? The question of color can, of course, have nothing to do with it, and if it is argued by the gentlemen to whom I refer that the negroes, because of their ignorance, should not be allowed the right of suffrage, then it may well be asked how much better informed, how much more intelligent than they are the Tammany hordes of New York City, the "Crackers" of Georgia, the Sandy Hill poor whites of North Alabama, or the ruffians who go to make up the rank and file of the Democratic party in the Red river parishes of Louisiana? If the Republican negroes are prevented from voting because of their ignorance, on what grounds are "the swamp rangers" and low, "last ditchers" of the South sustained and supported? These are questions which many thoughtful men are asking. They must be answered. Sooner or later they must be settled and disposed of forever.

Having the power regarding which I speak, the Democrats of the South are beginning to talk more plainly and to more clearly define their intentions than they have done since the war. In the first place, they accept every conciliatory act of the President as their right. To use the words of one of the best known Democratic leaders in New Orleans, "The people of the South have received tardy justice at the hands of a President who was counted in by fraud." This is the prevailing sentiment in the South. All through Louisiana, Alabama, Georgia, the Carolinas, and Virginia I looked in vain for one prominent Democrat who either applauded or thanked the President for what he had done for the cotton States. On the other hand, there were not a few outspoken White Leaguers who in the strongest terms denounced him for what they called his cowardly surrender of Packard. Regarding their intentions in the future, the Democrats are quite as outspoken as they are respecting the actions of the President. From the Gulf to Washington they all express a determination to use their power to the best advantage; in their own words, to get all they can out of the National Government. They want their harbors deepened, their rivers dredged, their levees built and maintained, new channels opened to the sea, and extensive internal improvements of all kinds. As soon as Congress convenes they will demand that all these works be immediately undertaken and vigorously pushed forward by the General Government. Should President Hayes decline to support them, or refuse to sign the Texas Pacific bill, they will open against him and his administration a warfare which will be as bitter as it will be long continued and uncompromising. "The solid South" is no longer a political myth—it is a sternal political reality. The Democrats of the section referred to are arrogant in their power, and intend to make their strength felt. It remains for the American people to determine whether they shall succeed or be forever defeated—it remains for honest law abiding freemen of all parties in this free land to answer what must now be regarded as the question of the hour: Is the American republic to be ruled by Wade Hampton and John Kelly—by the White League ruffians of the South and their allies in Tammany Hall?

RUSSIA'S POLICY.

The subjoined from the St. Paul *Press* will be found interesting:

The Edinburg *Scotsman* publishes a letter written by a gentleman in St. Petersburg, certified to by the *Scotsman* to be of the highest diplomatic authority, which is a very interesting defense of the disinterested aims and pacific intentions of Russia. He says he is in a position to know the real aims of Russia's present policy, and that he is in a position to assert that if the English government had reciprocated the friendship and trust with which Russia has invariably regarded them, the Eastern question would long ago have been quietly settled, the peace of Europe would not have been imperiled, and the total removal of the Ottoman rule over the Christians need not have been considered.

He says what is undoubtedly true, that it was the equivocal conduct of the English government which encouraged the Turks to repudiate the protocol, in the belief that ultimately England would come to their aid, and that Russia was forced to undertake to compel Turkey to carry out the reforms demanded, because she could not keep a great army mobilized to protect the Christians, while Turkey's refusal to obey the demands of Europe rendered this expensive armament useless. Russia, he says, has striven in every way to make the condition of the Christians in Turkey a European question, because she knew the embarrassing international complications which must follow any attempt of hers to vindicate the oppressed people single-handed.

The great question, however, is, what is to become of Constantinople? This is what so profoundly interests England. The same paper from which the above is taken goes on to say:

Russia does not wish to hold Constantinople for the same reason that the fox did not want the grapes. It is beyond her reach. An attempt on her part to grasp it or to greatly extend the area of her conquests on the shores of the Black Sea would unite all Europe against her. She will, therefore, probably seek only for the present to establish a Russian protectorate over Bulgaria, and perhaps to add Armenia with the ports of Batoum and Trebizond to her Asiatic possessions, and then she will bide her time. She is none the less fighting for Constantinople, but she is fighting at long range.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Financial.

FRIDAY EVENING, June 1, 1877.

Gold in New York, 105¼.

Legal Tenders in Portland—buying 94½; selling, 95¼.

Silver Coin—4½@5 per cent. discount.

English Grain Markets.

LIVERPOOL, June 1.—A leading grain circular says: Until Wednesday the wheat trade of the Kingdom remained very inactive at an average decline of 2 shillings per quarter; but at this decline rather more steadiness was become apparent, both importers and growers showing an unwillingness to submit to further reductions. Large consumers, though pretty well supplied with manufactured stock, are more disposed to operate, so that this and neighboring markets are doing more. There is some buying to hold over, and the tendency of prices is in sellers' favor. In off coast and on passage trade there is better tone, and a shade better prices for both maize and wheat have prevailed, though there was only an average attendance in this market to-day. Considerable business was done in wheat at an improvement of 2 to 3 pence per cental, the extreme advance applying chiefly to white descriptions. There was also more inquiry for low red sorts. Flour was also in good request; sacks were one shilling and barley sixpence higher. Corn was in moderate request and nearly 3d better for American mixed, ex quay.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, June 1.—Breadstuffs firm; corn, 21s 6d@22s 9d for new mixed Western; wheat, 12s 8d@12s 10d for average California white, 13s for red Western spring. Receipts of wheat the past three days, 35,000 quarters, American, 19,000 quarters.

New York Freights and Markets.

NEW YORK, May 31.—Clipper freights very quiet, although the El Capitan, just closing out, is doing a fair business. A steamer sailed for Aspinwall this forenoon with full cargo for the Pacific market. The markets are generally quiet; flour in better demand and unchanged. Wheat quiet and steady. Pork dull at $14 50.

NEW YORK, June 1.—The merchandise markets continue dull. The flour demand has entirely subsided and prices remained steady. Wheat—better export demand at an advance of 2c, closing firm and steady. Rio coffee very firm and price tending upwards. Refined sugars—demand for low grades yellow and market very strong. Teas dull. At the auction sale to day the attendance was moderate. Prices irregular, but considered fair as compared with ruling prices. Hides slow and prices firm. Wool irregular and demand entirely free from speculative elements and based in main upon wants of manufacturers, which are light. California sells slowly; sales 30 bales spring at 39c; 130,000 lbs do, 21@28c; 40,000 lbs fall, private.

Shipping Intelligence.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, May 31.—Arrived—Schr W. L. Beebee, Port Blakely; ship Samuel Watts, New York; bktn Eureka, Astoria; ship Eldorado, Seattle; bk Tidal Wave, Port Madison; bk Northwest, Port Madison; bk Adelaide Cooper, Port Ludlow; bk James Preston, Port Gamble; bk King Philip, Port Gamble; ship St. John Smith, Liverpool; stmr Ajax, Portland.

Sailed—Ship Cultivator, Barrard Inlet; bk Wellington, Victoria; bc Quicksteps, Hongkong; ship Otago, Port Townsend; schr May Queen, Coos Bay; ship Dashing Wave, Tacoma.

L. HEXTER. L. MAY.

HEXTER & MAY

Have just opened at

88, 90 and 92 FRONT ST.

An Entire New and Large Stock of

TINWARE,

Metals, Stoves and Ranges,

TINNERS' STOCK & TOOLS,

Japanned Ware, House Furnish'g Goods

Special Orders Promptly Executed.

ADVERTISED LETTERS.

LIST OF LETTERS REMAINING IN POST-office at Portland, county of Multnomah, Oregon, June 1, 1877. Persons calling for these letters must give the date on which they are advertised.

Ladies' List.

Baker, Mrs J C
Bird, Mary
Buchanan, Mrs W J
Brown, Mrs Annie
Chalmers, Mrs Ann M
Collins, Miss Mary
Enos, Josephine A
Elliott, Miss Cora
Flanders, Mrs M'nnie
Foster Josephine A
Fleuret, Madame A J
Gates, Miss Emma
Green, Miss Mary
Hanley, Miss Fannie
Harrison, Mrs A
Hinton, Mrs Carrie
Ingraham, Mary
Irving, Miss Lizzie
Jones, Mrs Emma
Jones, Mrs Lydia
Jones, Mrs Margaret
Mandy, Miss Mary
Magruder, Mrs Caroline
Meade, Mrs F S
Norman, Mrs Jane
Olsen, Mrs Jacobine
O'Kelly, Mrs Jasper
Panamaroff, Miss A
Peterson, Miss Nellie
Prindle, Miss Lydia
Rogers, Mrs C E
Robertson, Miss Ella
Rose, Mrs Julia
Shanahan, Mrs Sallie
Shields, Miss Kate
Sweeney, Mrs W W
Scott, Miss Jesse M
Thompson, Mrs M H
Wilson, Miss Annie M
Wilson, Mrs Mary
Wollna, Mrs Francis G

Gentlemen's List.

Ayres, Will
Bandch, Simon
Bernard, Thos
Bergandal, A
Brodie, Thos
Coffman, J M
Coburn, Wm
Cooper, T M
Clealwill, Jas
Chance & Co
Cullen Paul F
Currance, Geo
DeWaters, Chas
Daig, Geo
Davis, H H
Davis, Frank
Extine, Chas B
Erickson, G
Ecker, J W
Elliott, Judge
Elliott, E S
Flippin, Jas A
Fuller, Chas H
Fagan, Robt
Fisher, Mr
Frankfurter, V
Gabert F M
Gabrielson, Gus
Garry, T
Gilmore, T G
Graham, Dr F A
Hanly, Frank
Hatch & Co
Hazlett, Saml
Hehman, A D
Heter, Levi
Hicks, Wm
Houghen, A O
Harris, D H & Co
Harbin, J
Hanna, A J
Ingerson, Lewis
Jackson, N W
Jacobson, Edw
James, C W
Johnson, A K
Kohler, Wm
Kane, Thos
Keys, Jas J
Kenelh, I C
Kelly & Cole
Kelly, Willie D
Lent, O P
Johnson, Frank
Lent, E L
Lemay, Jean B
Leinwarder, J
Long, Geo M
Mendenhall, I S
Miller, T A
Miller, Fred H
Milne, John
Mowery, O P
Montgomery, H
Murphy, David
Murphy, Jere
Mullen, M M
Mullen, P F
Mullen, Michael
Miller, H
Marshall, W H
McKinstry, Nat
McGregor, Con
Peterson, H
Powers, L
Phinney, Adolph
Phillips, Jas L
Parker, John
Preston, Jas G
Roemer, Geo
Ryley, Thos
Rall, Geo
Raabe, Geo
Reed, Jas
Spelling, F
Swarkhamer, F O
Sawyer, Tim
Sarbent, Chas
Shuller, R
Seifield, G W
Scott, Geo A
Shear, W O
Shutts, Wm
Smith, Capt Geo
Storan, John
Terry, Fred M
Tice, Christ
Wilcox, T B
Wekley, W H
Woods, Jas
Watte, W F

GEO. E. COLE, P. M.

WONDERFUL SUCCESS

OF

DR. PAUL M. BRENAN

In the Treatment of Chronic Disease.

Positive Proof of his Wonderful Skill.

Testimony that Cannot be Contradicted.

Reliable Witnesses Testifying What he has Done for Them.

Perfect Cures where all other Treatment had Failed,

Crowds Coming from all Parts of the Country to Visit Him.

The Following Certificates Speak for Themselves:

TO DR. PAUL M. BRENAN—

For the past year and a half I have been suffering from Nervous and General Debility, Kidney Disease, Loss of Flesh and Strength, dizziness in the head and a constant pain through the back and loins. I became so debilitated and broken down that I was unfitted for business. I have been to Victoria and all over the coast under medical treatment for the past nine months, without receiving any benefit whatever, and had almost given up hopes of ever recovering, until I came under your treatment, about seven weeks ago. From the very first your treatment seemed to work like a charm, and I constantly improved from the begining. I have gained 11 pounds of flesh, and I am now, thanks to your skillful treatment, perfectly well, and am able to return to my business on the Snohomish. JAMES KING.

Seattle, March 31, 1877.

To the People: I have been troubled with chronic Nasal Catarrh for years, the disease being so aggravated that there was constantly an effusion of matter passing down into my throat behind the palate and down through my nostrils.

My nose became depressed between the eyes and swollen on each side. I was told by physicians that it was a polypus; that some of the blood vessels were involved and that the removal would endanger my life by hemorrhage. I became so bad that I made up my mind that I must have immediate relief or die.

As a last resort I applied to Dr. Paul M. Brenan, who, after a moment's examination, determined what to do. He said the nasal bone was involved and diseased, and that there would have to be a portion of it removed. He at once removed the bone tumor containing the matter, the diseased portion of bone and pulmonary gland and cured the catarrh. I am now perfectly well and as free from disease as ever I was in my life.

THOMAS B. MURPHY.

Seattle, April 5th, 1877.

DR. PAUL M. BRENAN—*Dear Sir:* I take great pleasure in stating for the benefit of those who are afflicted with any chronic disease, that *I am now a well man.* For the past two years I have been under the medical treatment of different physicians, from which I have received no benefit. I have been suffering with general and nervous debility, a difficulty in my stomach, and at times dizziness and severe headache a most incapacitating me for work. About three weeks ago I put myself under your care, and I can say with delight that I am cured and feel like myself again, after having partaken of your skillful treatment. To me now, labor seems a pleasure. I say this much, hoping it will be the means of attracting the suffering to you who can relieve and cure them.

Your's Truly, JOHN BALLARD.

Employed at Colman's Saw Mill, Seattle.

[I will not publish any cures performed by me unless by the full consent of the parties.]

PAUL M. BRENAN.

Dr. Brenan can be consulted, free of charge, at his office at the Clarendon Hotel, from 10 to 12 A. M., and at rooms 6 and 7 in Corbett's Block, corner of Front and Washington streets, Portland, Oregon, from 1:30 to 5, and 7 to 8 P. M.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

DR. E. A. JONES,

Office and Residence—Rooms 18 and 19, Strowbridge' Building,

First and Alder Streets.

O. P. C. PLUMMER, M. D.,

Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur,

Office—Strowbridge Building, corner First and Alder; Residence, Fifth st. opposite Custom House.

DR. P. D. BUNNELL,

Office—Rooms No. 10 and 15 Strowbridge Building,

Cor. First and Alder streets.

DISEASES OF WOMAN A SPECIALTY.

Ladies suffering from painful menstruation will find my treatment superior to anything yet known to the Profession. m24d1m

DR. J. S. PILKINGTON,

OCULIST AND AURIST,

Office, Dekum's Block.

Diseases of the EYE, EAR, THROAT and NOSE (particularly Chronic Nasal Catarrh) treated as specialties.

Prescriptions for the proper spectacles for relief of long, short or weak vision.

A fine stock of Artificial Eyes kept.

W. W. PIPER,

ARCHITECT,

Office in Bonnastle' Building, First street,

Between Morrison and Yamhill.

THE

Patented April, 1877.

THESE MACHINES ARE SURPASSED BY any other for Drying or Preserving Fruits and Vegetables of all kinds, and are constructed and furnished complete in four different sizes, namely:

The Tom Thumb Dryer—capacity of ¾ bushel of apples per hour—price..... $ 75

The Small Family Dryer—capacity of 1½ bushels per hour—price..... $125

The Family Dryer—capacity of 2 bushels per hour—price..... $200

The Factory Dryer—capacity of 6 bushels per hour—price..... $600

These Dryers were awarded the Centennial Medal and Diploma at Philadelphia in 1876. Also, the Gold Medal of the State of Oregon for 1876, for excellence of flavor, color and condition of Fruit.

All sizes constantly on hand and furnished on shortest notice.

Farm and County Rights for sale.

For further particulars address

W. S. PLUMMER,

Palestine and Manufacturer,

m24d7w8t East Portland, Oregon.

BANKS.

OREGON & WASHINGTON

MORTGAGE SAVINGS BANK,

(LIMITED)

Capital, - - $300,000.

President of Scottish Board of Directors, ALEXANDER GOURLAY, Esq., Shipbuilder, Dundee.

Head Office, 27 Bank st., Dundee.

President of Oregon Board of Directors, DONALD MACLEAY, Esq., (of Corbitt & Macleay,

Managing Director, WILLIAM REID, Esq., 9 First st., Portland.

This Savings Bank receives deposits not only from the industrial and farming classes of Oregon but also from Scotland, for the purpose of safely investing the same (along with its capital) principally on Real Estate Mortgages secured over improved Farms and Portland City Properties, and to assist its Depositors and others in the erection of Buildings and Improvements within the State.

Rates of Interest

payable upon Oregon Deposits,

6 per cent., 6½, and 7 per cent.

Sums of $2 and upwards received on short or long time, or on call.

Security to Depositors.

1. The Bank's $300,000 capital specially subscribed and pledged for security of Depositors' moneys, in order that all losses be made therefrom, and

2. The mortgages, assignments, and securities on which deposits are loaned.

Hours—10 to 3 P. M. Saturdays, 7 to 1; Saturday evenings from 7 to 8.

Loans made on Real Estate, 10 per cent.

LADD & TILTON, BANKERS.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED, AND COIN AND CURRENCY accounts kept, subject to Check at sight.

COLLECTIONS made and proceeds promptly remitted.

INTEREST FROM DATE paid on Coin Time Deposits.

Coin & Currency Exchange

(High and Telegraphic,) for sale on

SAN FRANCISCO, NEW YORK,

ST. LOUIS, CHICAGO.

Bills of Exchange,

Drawn in the usual way, for any sum desired, on

LONDON, HONG KONG,

PARIS, BERLIN,

FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN.

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Incorporated by Royal Charter.

Paid up Capital.....$2,000,000

With power to increase to $10,000,000.

HEAD OFFICE...London.

BRANCHES,.....Victoria (B. C.), San Francisco and Portland.

AGENTS.

NEW YORK.....
CHICAGO.....} Bank of Montreal.
CANADA.....

MEXICO & SOUTH AMERICA...London Bank of Mexico & South America.

IRELAND.....Bank of Ireland.

SCOTLAND.....British Linen Company.

ENGLAND.....National Provincial Bank of England.

LIVERPOOL.....} Bank of Liverpool. North & South Wales Bank

This Bank transacts a General Banking business. Deposits received on current account, subject to check.

Interest allowed on Coin Time Deposits for periods of three months and upwards.

Approved Bills discounted. Loans made on available security. Collections made promptly.

Exchange sold on London, Liverpool and on the principal towns and cities in Ireland and Scotland from £1 upwards. Also on all places in Canada in sums to suit. Coin and Currency drafts and Telegraphic Transfers on New York and Chicago.

Commercial Credits granted, available in Europe New York, China, Japan, South America, Australia and New Zealand.

FRED'K. TOWNSEND, Manager.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF PORTLAND.

Designated Depositary and Financial Agent United States.

President.....HENRY FAILING,
Cashier.....JAMES STEEL.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN COIN OR CURRENCY subject to check at sight.

INTEREST ALLOWED on Time Deposits of Coin.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued available in the Atlantic Cities

SIGHT EXCHANGE AND TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS payable in Coin or Currency for sale on NEW YORK, SAN FRANCISCO, CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS.

SIGHT or SIXTY DAY BILLS drawn in sums to suit, direct on

LONDON, PARIS,
BERLIN, FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

MAISON DOREE.

First Door North of Oro Fino Theater.

Opening To-Day!

EVERYTHING NEW. Q. VOOS.

EVERYTHING NEW!

NATIONAL HOTEL,

Front and Yamhill Sts.,

J. B. KELLOGG, PROPRIETOR.

THE HOUSE HAS BEEN RECENTLY REFURnished and painted throughout. Old friends and new invited to call.

SOL'S RESTAURANT!

The Best on the Pacific Coast.

FIRST STREET, NEAR STARK.

Whatever Delicacies the market affords will be found at this place. Ladies will find it the most convenient place to lunch while out shopping, where they will have the most polite attention.

ST. CHARLES HOTEL,

Cor. Front and Morrison Sts.,

GEORGE COGGAN.....PROPRIETOR.

I have taken charge of the RESTAURANT connected with this popular Hotel, and it will hereafter be conducted in connection with the House. The DINING ROOM, located on the ground floor, is under the supervision of an experienced CATERER. The tables will be supplied with the best the market affords.

The ST. CHARLES being the only first class fire proof hotel in the city, SUPERIOR ACCOMMODATIONS will be given to guests and rooms furnished single or in suits at prices ranging from $1 to $2 50 per day with board. FREE COACH runs between the Hotel and all trains and boats.

METROPOLIS HOTEL,

Corner First and Main Streets.

THE UNDERSIGNED, FORMERLY OF THE Multnomah House, having repainted and refurnished the above named Hotel, is now ready to accommodate the public in a satisfactory manner at the following rates:

Board and Lodging, per week.....$5 50
Board per week.....4 50
Board and Lodging, per day.....1 00

The Table will always be supplied with the best the market affords.

JOHN SCHADE, Proprietor.

NORTON HOUSE,

Cor. C & First Sts., Portland.

This House is a Fire-Proof Brick, Newly Furnished with the best Spring Beds.

Board and Lodging, per week...$5 to $6 00
Per day.....$1 00
Single Meals.....25c | Lodging...25c to 50c

Free Coach to and from the House.

P. NORTON, Proprietor.

Formerly of the Portland Hotel.

ST. CHARLES HOTEL,

Albany, Oregon.

I HAVE FURNISHED THIS WELL KNOWN hotel with new furniture throughout, and am prepared to accommodate the traveling public in first class style.

My tables will be supplied with the best to be had in the markets at all times. Emigrants accommodated at reduced rates.

Stage office for Dallas, Monmouth, Independence and Salem. JOHN M. PRONE.

F. A. CHENOWETH,

Attorney-at-Law---Corvallis, Oregon.

OCEAN STEAMERS.

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY

For San Francisco, Direct.

Carrying the United States Mails and Wells, Fargo's Express.

Steamer Every Five Days!

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.

STEAMSHIPS OF THE ABOVE COMPANY WILL leave the Company's Dock at foot of F street, as follows:

"CITY OF CHESTER".....May 31, at 6 A. M.
"GEO. W. ELDER".....June 5, at 6 A. M.
"AJAX".....June 10, at 3 A. M.
"CITY OF CHESTER".....June 15, at 3 A. M.
"GEO. W. ELDER".....June 20, at 3 A. M.
"AJAX".....June 25, at 3 A. M.
"CITY OF CHESTER".....June 30, at 3 A. M.

The company reserves the right to change the steamers.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner F and Front streets.

GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

For PORT TOWNSEND, VICTORIA, NANAIMO, FORT WRANGLE and SITKA.

CARRYING U. S. MAILS.

THE STEAMSHIP

"CALIFORNIA,"

CHAS. THORN.....Commander

Will leave the Oregon Steamship Company's Wharf, foot of F street, for the above ports on

SATURDAY, JUNE 2, 1877,

At 3 o'clock A. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at corner F and Front streets.

GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

VIA VICTORIA.

THE FIRST CLASS IRON STEAMSHIP

CITY OF PANAMA.

Passengers leave Portland per steamer "WRLCOME," on

SATURDAY, MAY 26, 1877, AT 6 A. M.

THROUGH FARE, from Portland to San Francisco

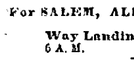
Cabin.....$25 00 | Steerage.....$13 00

Tickets for sale at Office Oregon Steam Navigation Company, corner Front and Ash streets, up stairs.

RIVER STEAMERS.

THE WILLAMETTE

Transportation and Locks Co's



STEAMERS leave PORTLAND from the Ankeny St. Wharf, between Washington and Alder streets, as follows:

FOR DAYTON—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7 A. M.

For SALEM, ALBANY, CORVALLIS and Way Landings, Monday and Thursday 6 A. M.

For Lightering and Towing of Vessels

Between Portland and Astoria apply at the office of the Company, near corner of Front and Ash sts.

FRANK T. DODGE, Agent.

THE WILLAMETTE

Transportation & Locks Co.'s

NOTICE.

ON AND AFTER JANUARY 1, 1877, until further notice, the W. T. & L. Co. will carry Freight at

REDUCED RATES.

UP FREIGHT:

PORTLAND TO SALEM.....$1 00 per Ton.
" " Points above Salem 1 50 "

For SPECIAL RATES on DOWN FREIGHT apply at the Office of the Company.

FRANK T. DODGE, Agent.

Willamette Transportation and Locks Company.

NOTICE.—THE FOLLOWING RATES OF Freight on Grain and Flour have been established by this company as the *maximum* rates for one year from May 1st, 1877, viz:

		Per Ton.
Oregon City	to Port and	$1 00
Butteville	" "	1 75
Champoeg	" "	1 75
Dayton	" "	2 00
Fairfield	" "	2 00
Wheatland	" "	2 50
Lincoln	" "	2 50
Salem	" "	2 50
Albany	" "	2 75
Independence	" "	2 75
Ankeny's Landing	" "	3 00
Buena Vista	" "	3 00
Spring Hill	" "	3 00
Albany	" "	3 00
Corvallis	" "	3 50
Peoria	" "	3 50
Monroe	" "	4 00
Harrisburg	" "	4 00
Eugene City	" "	5 00

Grain and Flour shipped from the points above mentioned direct to Astoria will be charged $1 00 per ton additional.

The company will contract with parties who desire it to transport Grain and Flour at above rates for any specified time, not exceeding five years.

S. G. REED, Vice President W. T. & L. Co.

Portland, April 28, 1877.

Oregon Steam Navigation Co.'s

PASSENGER SCHEDULE.

PASSENGER IS LEAVE PORTLAND

FOR DALLES—Daily, (except Sunday) at 5 o'clock A. M.

FOR UMATILLA and WALLULA—Monday, Tuesday and Friday at 5 A.M.

FOR ALMOTA and LEWISTON—Monday, at 5 A.M.

FOR VICTORIA—Wednesday and Saturday at 6 A. M.

FOR KALAMA, TACOMA AND SEATTLE—Daily (except Sunday), at 6 A. M.

FOR ASTORIA—Daily, (except Sunday,) at 6 A.M.

J. C. AINSWORTH, President.

STR. McMINNVILLE

WILL LEAVE PACIFIC DOCK every

Monday and Wednesday,

At 7 o'clock A. M., for

Oregon City, Butteville, Champoeg, Dayton, Lafayette and McMinnville.

Will leave Portland every FRIDAY MORNING at 6 o'clock, for SALEM and INDEPENDENCE.

For rates apply on board, or to the Agent on the wharf.

Portland & Vancouver Packet.

THE STEAMER VANCOUVER,

JAS. T. GRAY, Master.

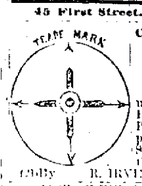
WILL LEAVE FOOT OF ALDER STREET daily, Sunday excepted, at 3 P. M.

Returning, leave Vancouver at 8 A. M.

For freight or passage apply on board.

Towing done between 10:30 A. M. and 2 P. M., daily, except Sundays.

45 First Street, Portland, Oregon.



CALVERT'S CARBOLIC

SHEEP WASH,

$3 Per Gallon.

After dipping the Sheep, is useful for Preserving Wet Hides. Destroying the Vine Pests, etc. For sale by W. JACKSON, San Francisco, Sole Agent for the Pacific Coast. Jobbers only.

Also by R. IRVING & Co., Agents, Portland.

NOTICE OF FINAL ACCOUNT BY ADMINISTRATOR.—In the matter of the estate of W. C. Ralston, deceased. Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has filed with the County Court of the State of Oregon for Multnomah county, his final account as administrator with the will annexed of the estate of W. C. Ralston, deceased, and that Monday, the 11th day of June, 1877, at 10 o'clock A. M. has been duly appointed by said court as the time for hearing objections thereto and for the settlement thereof. All persons having objections to said account are hereby notified to file the same at said time. D. S. HUNTZE,

Administrator, with the will annexed, of the estate of W. C. Ralston, deceased. m16d1w4w

RAILROADS.

Oregon & California R. R. Co

To Take Effect Sunday, Sept. 17, 1876, at 12 o'clock Noon.

DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAY),

As follows:

PORTLAND AND ROSEBURG

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	7:30 A. M.	Roseburg	7:00 P. M.
Roseburg	6:00 A. M.	Portland	4:30 P. M.

ALBANY EXPRESS TRAIN.

DAILY, (EXCEPT SUNDAYS)

As follows:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	3:30 P. M.	Albany	8:25 P. M.
Albany	5:30 A. M.	Portland	10:05 A. M.

FREIGHT TRAINS

DAILY, (EXCEPT SUNDAYS) AS FOLLOWS

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	6:15 A. M.	Junction	4:00 P. M.
Junction	5:45 A. M.	Portland	5:15 P. M.

The Oregon and California Railroad Ferry makes connection with all Regular Trains.

Close connections are made at ROSEBURG with the Stages of the Oregon and California Stage Company.

Tickets for Sale to all the principal points in California and the East, at Company's Office,

Cor. F and Front Sts., at Ferry Landing

PORTLAND.

Storage will be charged on freight remaining in Warehouse over 24 hours.

Freight will not be received for shipment after 5 o'clock P. M.

J. BRANDT, Jr., Gen'l Sup't.

E. P. ROGERS, Gen'l Freight and Passenger Agent.

Northern Pacific Railroad,

PACIFIC DIVISION.

KALAMA TO TACOMA.

DAILY, (SUNDAYS EXC